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227

PARIS, THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1970

Established 1837

K. Dock Union Votes to Go Back to Work Monday

By Bernard Weinraub

LONDON, July 29 (UPI)—Leaders of Britain's striking dock today called off the nationwide walkout that has tied up and spurred rising food prices.

We Will Issue a Sage on Drugs

By Paul VI (UPI)

Paul VI is planning to issue a special message to youth on dangers of drug abuse, on which President John F. Kennedy has made a special appeal to the nation, Henry Cabot Lodge, U.S. ambassador to the Vatican, said today.

South Africa Tells U.S. Intent

By VICK (UPI)

Prime Minister Edward Heath said today his government would not let its own decisions in the South Africa case be dictated by the United States.

Threats to Quit

By VICK (UPI)

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Smog Chokes U.S. East 6th Day

N.Y. Fears Electricity Breakdown

By Natalie Layzell

NEW YORK, July 29 (UPI)—As thick smog blanketed the East Coast for the sixth straight day, New York took emergency measures to combat the pollution and avert an electric power crisis.

With temperatures in the 80s, a light rain began to fall this afternoon but was not expected to clear the dense smog that has hung over the city during the week-long heat wave.

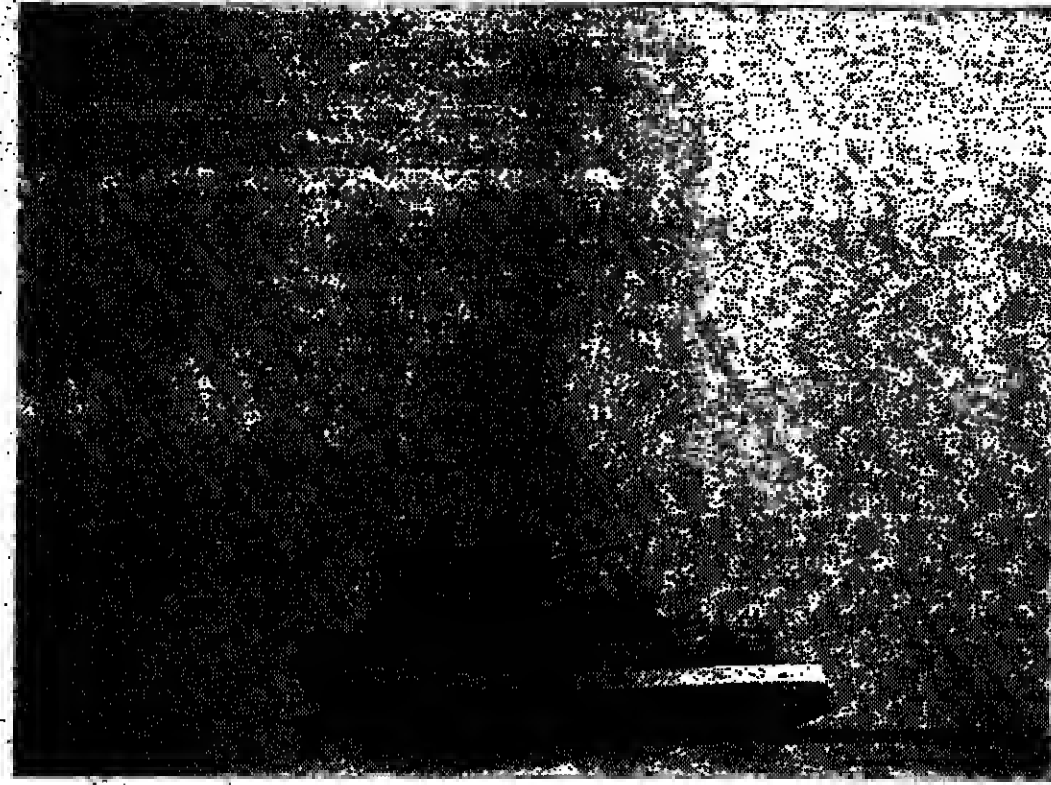
This morning Mayor John V. Lindsay put into action the first stage of an air pollution emergency alert in the nation's largest city.

Declaring that "we have two crises on our hands—power and air pollution," the mayor ordered the city's Sanitation Department to cut incineration by 20 percent and municipal hospitals and homes to stop their on-site burning of garbage.

In addition, he warned New Yorkers to "prepare for the possibility of a curfew" if the smog should worsen.

The mayor urged people to start organizing car pools or use public transportation instead of their own vehicles. He added that the city would begin operating extra buses.

Washington, D.C., which teetered on the edge of a smog "alert" yesterday, again suffered a stifling 90-degree day with little improvement noted in the blanket of poisonous air over-



STYX WEST—An East River tugboat heads for an almost hidden Manhattan, cutting through the smog which has been blanketing New York City for the last few days.

hanging the city. Air pollution readings at times yesterday reached the highest level since coordinated monitoring started three years ago, and ranged just below the "dangerous" level.

The yellowish-gray pall over New York did not prevent tourists from visiting the Empire State Building's observation deck despite "zero visibility," according to a spokesman there.

The emergency measures were put in effect as the city's air resources department announced that the amount of sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke

and oxidants in the air had reached the "unsatisfactory to unhealthy" stage.

In an effort to avert a power crisis, Consolidated Edison Co. cut its voltages 5 percent in four boroughs and 3 percent in Queens early this afternoon.

This was the third day of (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

U.S. Affirms Base; Denial By Morocco

By VICK (UPI)

WASHINGTON, July 29 (UPI)—The United States, under a secret 1963 agreement with Morocco, has been operating a naval communications center at Sidi Yahia, 50 miles northeast of Rabat, Nixon administration sources reluctantly confirmed yesterday despite Moroccan denials.

Administration officials were irritated about the disclosure, which was discussed in confidential testimony last week before a Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee probing U.S. commitments abroad.

The agreement to operate the U.S. communications facility was reached when U.S. military forces prepared to withdraw from Morocco in 1963. The agreement was kept private, U.S. sources said, to avoid embarrassing the moderate Arab government of King Hassan II.

In Rabat, a government spokesman denied yesterday that there were any American military installations in Morocco or that there was any secret military agreement between the United States and the Moroccan government for the maintenance of a U.S. Navy communications center in the country.

The spokesman said there were no military installations run by Americans in Morocco nor any military installations being used by American military forces.

Sidi Yahia, near Kenitra, is where a large U.S. naval airbase was evacuated in 1963. Now Americans at Kenitra and Sidi Yahia officially are training Moroccan technicians for the royal armed forces. They are well known to the local community in Kenitra.

The question, as his aides put it, is how the President can successfully and dramatically convey to the country his belief that the election-year generosity of congressional Democrats may cause serious long-term damage to the economy while making all but impossible the fight against inflation.

One answer now being pressed upon him by some of his advisers is to take once again to the television airwaves to veto one or both of the education and housing appropriation bills. The first exceeds the President's request for fiscal 1971, which began July 1, by \$433 million, and the second exceeds his request by over half a billion.

Mr. Nixon used television to veto the education and labor appropriation bill last year, and George P. Shultz and Robert H. Finch, two senior advisers who have been here this week, both believe that this dramatic ceremony produced substantial public support for the President's anti-inflationary policies and persuaded Congress to cut nearly \$600 million from the bill.

A repeat performance would entail considerable risks: The Democrats would inevitably accuse him of being anti-education or anti-housing. But the tone of Mr. Nixon's comments this week, as reported by those close to him, suggests that some use of television time is likely, quite beyond the news conference he has scheduled for Los Angeles tomorrow night.

Although the insistence seems (Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

Regime Drafts Them Into Army

Madrid Subway Workers Strike

By Richard Eder

MADRID, July 29 (UPI)—Madrid subway workers, who transport half of the city's three million inhabitants, shut down completely today when its 3,000 workers went on strike.

The government reacted sharply tonight, announcing that the strikers will be drafted into the army where they would be "obliged to operate the subway under pain of military discipline."

The strikers' union said it had been set for Monday, "so that various interests in the port could be accommodated."

Shipowners estimated that total losses because of the strike, which began July 16, may reach \$9.6 million. Nearly 281 ships have been affected, 69 of them carrying food.

The proposals that union delegates accepted today would give dockers a raise in pay, higher guaranteed earnings, more holiday pay and improved overtime payments.

But it would not increase the basic rate of pay—the dock workers' key demand. The dockers had wanted the basic weekly rate increased from \$26.50 to \$28. This rate is used to determine overtime pay and piecework rates.

Weekly wages on the docks vary widely according to the season and port. But the average weekly pay totals \$66.40, second only to that of printers, according to official figures.

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Nixon Said to Rule Out Bids For New Taxes in '72 Budget

By Robert B. Semple Jr.

SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., July 29 (UPI)—President Nixon has, for the time being, ruled out any request for new taxes or tax increases when he presents his fiscal 1972 budget to Congress early next year, informed sources disclosed today.

Instead, he and his economic advisers hope to narrow what appears to be inevitable budget deficits this year and next by exercising greater control over expenditures, and the question of how to achieve this control has been dominating their private conversations here this week.

The budget meetings between Mr. Nixon and his economic advisers, which began at the Western White House Monday, have been publicly advertised as preliminary reviews of the 1972 budget. But Mr. Nixon has concerned himself less with detailed figures than with a much broader question of priorities and political feasibility.

The question, as his aides put it, is how the President can successfully and dramatically convey to the country his belief that the election-year generosity of congressional Democrats may cause serious long-term damage to the economy while making all but impossible the fight against inflation.

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Israel's Cabinet May Splinter on Reply to Rogers

By Yuval Elizur

JERUSALEM, July 29 (UPI)—Israeli leaders met today in marathon sessions held at various levels in an effort to arrive at a compromise formula for Israel's proposed response to the recent U.S. peace initiative. The cabinet meets again tomorrow, as it did today.

If no compromise formula can be found, the six ministers of Gahal, the "hawkish" right-wing faction, will most likely decide to resign from Prime Minister Golda Meir's 24-member coalition cabinet.

In that case Mrs. Meir may have to form a new government before she announces Israel's qualified acceptance of the procedure contained in the proposals presented recently by U.S. Secretary of State William P. Rogers.

Without Gahal—which has 26 members of the Knesset (parliament)—Mrs. Meir would still have a comfortable parliamentary majority (98 of 120 seats) on which to base her new government. But she is understandably anxious to avoid a narrowing of her political base and, in fact, would like to present a united front to this nation and the world in her answer to the United States.

The cabinet crisis became evident late last night when the parliamentary faction of Gahal adopted the stand of the party leader, Menachem Begin, who argues that even qualified acceptance of the U.S. initiative may be detrimental to Israel.

Mr. Begin and his supporters are less concerned with the threat of the Soviet-Egyptian military buildup along the Suez Canal during the limited cease-fire proposed by Mr. Rogers than with the political consequences. The Gahal leadership is not convinced by the argument that qualified Israeli acceptance of the U.S. initiative is merely a tactical rather than a substantive issue.

Gahal is not satisfied, either, with the sufficiency of the qualifications which the ministers of Mrs. Meir's Labor party want to attach to the Rogers proposal. This party objects mostly to the paragraph in the Rogers initiative which requires that each side file with Ambassador Gunnar Jarring, the special representative of UN Secretary-general U Thant, an affidavit declaring that it accepts the UN Security Council resolution of Nov. 22, 1967, and is ready to implement it.

This resolution contains a requirement that Israel withdraw from territories captured in the June 1967 war. Israel has stated that it accepts this resolution as a basis for negotiation. Gahal, while agreeing to this general formula, does not accept the specific spelling out of Israel's readiness to implement the resolution. Gahal, which believes in the annexation of most of the occupied territories, feels that by making such a commitment the party (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

Jarring Ready To Reactivate UN Mediation

By VICK (UPI)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., July 29 (UPI)—Gunnar Jarring, the special UN peace envoy to the Middle East, is ready to resume his mission to Israel and the Arabs as soon as Secretary-General U Thant thinks the time is ripe.

Ralph Bunche, UN under secretary and Mr. Thant's top adviser on Middle East problems, said Mr. Jarring was vacationing at his home in Sweden and in a phone conversation with UN headquarters last Saturday had expressed readiness to try again.

Israel Denies It Lost Jet to A Soviet Pilot

By VICK (UPI)

TEL AVIV, July 29 (UPI)—A news blackout was imposed here today on reports that for the first time Soviet pilots had engaged Israeli jets that were on a bombing mission over Egypt.

Newspapers here published a Beirut report carried in the London Daily Express but there was no information from local sources.

An army spokesman implicitly denied the Beirut report that an Israeli Skyhawk was shot down by a Soviet pilot Saturday. He referred questioners to a Saturday communiqué in which Israel stated that all planes had returned safely from bombing missions in Egypt.

No planes have been lost in action since July 10, he said.

However, while the military spokesman denied explicitly that a Skyhawk had been shot down Saturday, there was no comment here as to whether an Israeli jet had been attacked by a Soviet craft on that day.

In Washington, U.S. sources said they were reasonably convinced that there had been no shooting encounter between Soviet pilots and Israeli planes as reported last (Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

Thousands of Iraqis Protest Peace Plan, Demand a War

By VICK (UPI)

AMMAN, July 29 (UPI)—Thousands of demonstrators marched through Baghdad today shouting condemnation of American peace proposals and demanding war against Israel.

Baghdad radio commentators, describing the Iraqi demonstration, live against a background of chanting, cried "no surrender solutions... war, war, war... battle, battle until liberation."

It was the second Arab demonstration against the U.S. peace plans for the Middle East since President Gamal Abdel Nasser of Egypt accepted the proposals July 23. On Monday 15,000 Palestinians protested here in Jordan.

In Amman, el-Fatah guerrillas said their "Voice of the Storm" radio, choked off in Cairo Tuesday at the orders of the Egyptian government, went on the air today in Amman.

Libyan Foreign Minister Saleh Boueissier flew to Beirut from Cairo, where, diplomatic sources said, he had talked over his country's stand on the peace initiative. A guerrilla leader arrived in Cairo for talks on "recent developments," which informed sources said meant the radio shutdown.

A spokesman for el-Fatah said its propaganda radio went back on the air at 10 a.m. today but could not be picked up outside Jordan.

The Voice of Palestine radio, which had been broadcasting six hours a day from Cairo, was silent. The Middle East News Agency reported from Cairo that a member of the central committee of Palestinian organizations, Farouk Kadoumi, arrived there for consultations on Middle East developments. Guerrilla sources said Mr. Kadoumi would make a special plea that the radio be lifted.

Baghdad radio, monitored here as it described the protest march, said it was staged by "thousands upon thousands" of workers, teachers, peasants and Arab commandos. The radio commentators said the demonstrators carried banners saying "we denounce the surrender (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

Sir John Barbirolli, 70, Dies After Orchestra Rehearsal

By VICK (UPI)

LONDON, July 29 (UPI)—Sir John Barbirolli, 70, the man who succeeded Arturo Toscanini as conductor of the New York Philharmonic in 1957, upon the retirement of Maestro Toscanini.

Despite ill health, Sir John was active until his death. Yesterday, in London, he rehearsed the New Philharmonia Orchestra in preparation for an engagement next month at Expo '70, in Japan.

Sir John had been associated with the Manchester-based Halle Orchestra since 1943, and was its conductor laureate in the last two years.

Rancorous Controversy Sir John stepped into the center of a rancorous controversy when he accepted the post of musical director of the New York Philharmonic in 1957, upon the retirement of Maestro Toscanini.

The English conductor, then 37 years old, had only 12 years of conducting experience behind him. In his seven years as its leader, the New York Philharmonic deteriorated steadily, in the opinion of many critics, possibly because the players were more intent on gazing after the departed maestro than in watching the baton of the young successor.



Sir John Barbirolli

Sir John, furthermore, had been engaged only after another revered conductor, Wilhelm Furtwängler, had accepted the post but had bowed out. Furtwängler's involvement with the Nazi regime brought threats of boycott from some Philharmonic patrons.

After his New York setback, however, Sir John recovered nicely, and his career blossomed steadily until, by the time of his death, (Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)



CALLING AN END—Tim O'Leary (left), national docks secretary of the Transport and General Workers' Union, and Jack Jones, the union's general secretary, announcing the British union delegates' acceptance of a plan to end the dock strike.

Pentagon Chief Sees Adoption Of Most Proposed Changes

WASHINGTON, July 29 (AP)—Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird said today he expects a "majority" of the Pentagon recommendations of a presidential blue-ribbon panel to be adopted.

He did not say which of the 113 recommendations would be accepted.

The panel, completing a year-long study, yesterday urged a sweeping overhaul of the leadership and command structure in order to strengthen civilian control and make the huge military establishment more efficient.

"I would assume that a majority of the recommendations will be adopted," Mr. Laird told a seminar of young summer employees of the Defense Department.

He said he will go ahead with some implementing actions in the next weeks.

One of the earliest is expected to be the creation of an overall defense testing agency that would supervise weapon evaluations by all the services to avoid overlapping, overlap and shoddy quality.

The defense secretary did not say what he would do about a fundamental recommendation that the Joint Chiefs of Staff be stripped of their present military operational responsibilities.

However, Mr. Laird said that "I am looking over that very carefully."

The blue-ribbon panel suggested the creation of an entirely new operations staff separate from the JCS and headed by a top-ranking officer who might or might not be the chairman of the Joint Chiefs.

Mr. Laird contended that the JCS does not now, as a group, function in military operations, but that he deals with the chairman as an individual.

Mr. Laird contended that the panel's recommendations would not result in any major change in what he called the assigned duties of the JCS.

He referred to these duties as advising the President and the secretary of defense on strategy and heading the individual services.

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Israeli Planes Hit Targets Inside Jordan

Civilians, Says Amman, Guerrillas, Says Israel

AMMAN, July 29 (UPI)—Israeli planes attacked two areas northeast of Amman today, killing one civilian and wounding another, a Jordanian military spokesman said.

He said the planes, flying in formations of two, attacked Jarash and el-Sokhna, 11 miles northeast of Amman, for nearly 90 minutes, with rockets and machine-gun fire.

[In Tel Aviv, an Israeli spokesman said Israeli jets attacked three Arab guerrilla bases in Jordan today and Egyptian military targets along the Suez Canal. Reuters reported. He said all planes returned safely from all the raids.]

Ground Raids

The Jordanian spokesman also reported that Jordanian and Israeli troops engaged in a mortar and machine-gun duel for two hours this afternoon in the northern Jordan valley.

He accused the Israelis of initiating the duel, Jordanian forces suffered no losses, the spokesman added.

Earlier the spokesman had reported that an Israeli patrol crossed the Jordan River in the northern sector at midnight yesterday and fought with Jordanian troops.

The Israelis planted mines, he said, which went off later, wounding 12 civilians, including an infant, and wrecking two vehicles.

Egypt's Guns Open Up

CAIRO, July 29 (Reuters)—Egyptian heavy artillery blasted two Israeli tanks and a half-track and set fire to several Israeli positions along the entire length of the Suez Canal in a fierce three-hour barrage, an Egyptian military spokesman announced here tonight.

He said three Egyptian soldiers were injured when Israeli jets attacked Egyptian positions in the northern sector of the canal this morning then at night raided the southern sector of the waterway.

Israel Denies Loss of Plane

(Continued from Page 1)

Saturday, the Washington Post reported.

[An Israeli-operated Skyhawk jet dropped a piece of equipment over Egyptian territory, these sources said, and the Egyptian claim of downing a Skyhawk may have been a case of mistaken identity.]

[There have been one or two "close" approaches of Soviet-down jets and Israeli aircraft, U.S. sources said, but no shooting that U.S. officials can confirm, The Washington Post said.]

[The Associated Press reported that the London Daily Express article was published a few days after an Israeli newspaper story about the probability of Israeli-Soviet air fighting.]

The Israeli newspaper quoted military sources as assuming that the Russians, up to now flying operational missions in the interior of Egypt, had already decided to fly in the Suez Canal Zone.

[The daily Maariv concluded that the battles between Soviet and Israeli aircraft attacking Egyptian targets in the area "are only a matter of time."]

[An Israeli news magazine, Haolam Hazeh, published by a small, opposition party in the Israeli parliament, wrote today that "various signs discovered lately indicate that alongside its readiness for a political solution in the Middle East, its military activity in the Soviet Union is intensifying the escalation of its military activity in the Canal Zone."]

[The weekly magazine did not elaborate.]

Israel today continued her air attacks against Egypt, and struck also at targets in Jordan, 15 to 25 miles from the cease-fire line. Terrorist bases were said to have been hit during a 30-minute operation.

Rome Debt Rises; Budget Is Voted With Big Deficit

ROME, July 29 (AP)—Rome sank deeper into debt early today as heavy city taxes and a budget deficit of 144 billion lire (\$230.4 million) were approved.

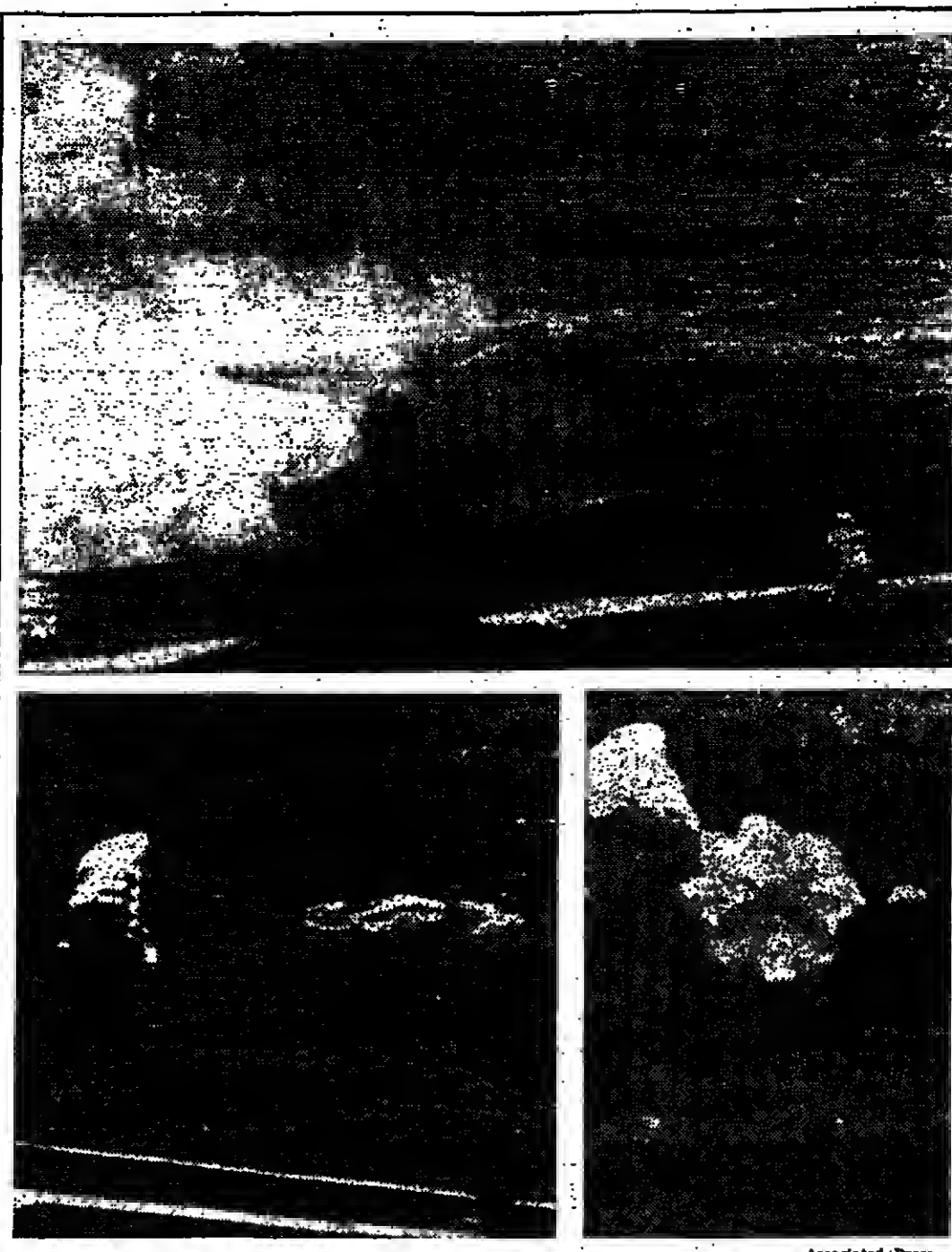
Rome's center-left coalition, patterned on the alliance of Socialists, Christian Democrats and Republicans that has ruled Italy intermittently for the last seven years, won the early morning vote, 417 votes in the 50-member council. Opposed were mainly Communists and right-wingers.

The budget totaled 736 billion lire (\$117 billion). Mayor Ciriaco De Sica's income-short administration tried to balance it with loans and credits. The loans were also used to pay off interest on earlier debts.

But Mayor De Sica still could not find an extra 144 billion lire, and the deficit, Rome has been deeply in debt for years. Today's deficit, he believed, was the highest in its history.

Operation on Rusk

WASHINGTON, July 29 (AP)—Former Secretary of State Dean Rusk was operated on at Walter Reed Hospital about two weeks ago. Friends said he underwent prostate surgery and is expected to return to his home in a few days.



PILOT TAKES A PLUNGE—Lt. (jg) Bill Belden ejects from his Navy Skyhawk after the plane's brakes failed and it veered off the deck of the aircraft carrier Shangri-La, somewhere in the Pacific. In the lower photos, Lt. Belden drops to the water and then struggles with his chute while awaiting rescue. The jet was recovered from the carrier's catwalk and the pilot rescued wet but unharmed.

Katzenbach Asks Action

Congress Is Urged to Repeal The Tonkin Gulf Resolution

By John W. Finney

WASHINGTON, July 29 (UPI)—Nicholas deBellefleur Katzenbach, former under secretary of state, urged Congress today to repeal the 1964 Tonkin Gulf resolution, which he once described as the "functional equivalent" of a declaration of war in Vietnam.

Mr. Katzenbach, who served first as attorney general and then as under secretary of state in the Kennedy and Johnson administrations, presented his legal views in testimony before a House Foreign Affairs subcommittee considering various bills seeking to define the division of war-making powers between the presidency and Congress.

In defending the constitutionality of the Cooper-Church amendment, he differed with the Nixon administration, which has protested that the amendment would infringe upon the President's constitutional powers as commander in chief.

The amendment, attached by the Senate to a foreign military sales bill and now being considered by the Senate-House conference committee, would preclude the President from spending any funds for retaining American forces in Cambodia or for providing military advisers or combat air support to the Cambodian government, without specific congressional consent.

Mr. Katzenbach, an international lawyer who is now general counsel of International Business Machines Corp., defended the amendment as being within the constitutional powers of Congress to tell the President "he shall not spend money in a particular country."

Mr. Katzenbach also contended that the Tonkin Gulf resolution represented the only constitutional authority for the President to use armed forces in Vietnam and that without the resolution the President would have no choice but to get out of Indochina. His interpretation conflicted with those of both Presidents Johnson and Nixon.

Adopted by Congress in 1964 following reported North Vietnamese attacks on American destroyers, the Tonkin resolution gives con-

gressional approval to "all necessary steps" taken by the President to repel "further aggression" in Southeast Asia. Mr. Johnson frequently cited the resolution as congressional approval for his Vietnam policies, but at the same time he contended he had the authority to commit troops to Vietnam without the resolution.

The Nixon administration, in not opposing congressional repeal of the measure, has maintained that it is not relying upon the resolution as the basis of its authority for a continuing military engagement in Vietnam. Rather, the administration has contended it was relying upon the President's inherent constitutional powers as commander in chief to take steps to protect the lives of American troops as they are withdrawn from Vietnam.

3,000 Cambodian Troops Attack to Retake Kirirom

PHNOM PENH, July 29 (UPI)—A force of 3,000 Cambodian troops guided by a U.S. Air Force spotter plane opened a new offensive today to retake the mountain town of Kirirom, 75 miles southwest of Phnom Penh, from North Vietnamese and Viet Cong forces who sent them reeling backwards yesterday.

The plateau, 56 miles southwest of Phnom Penh, controls Highway 4, leading to the sea, and its occupation by the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong forces threatens Phnom Penh's imports of oil and other commodities and jeopardizes Cambodia's rice export.

The attacking force was made up of five battalions of government troops, including three fresh battalions rushed from Phnom Penh in a convoy of 50 buses and trucks. The force, led by American-trained Khmer mercenaries who once fought in South Vietnam, was moving up the 8,000-foot mountain from the resort town of Kirirom, 70 miles southwest of Phnom Penh.

As the troops gathered for the first assault, a U.S. Air Force B-52 bomber continued pounding the Ho Chi Minh supply trail today, 30 of them flying five missions to strike at its terminal points along South Vietnam's borders with Laos and Cambodia.

The aerial bombardment once again dominated the war activity in South Vietnam, as it has for much of the past month. Both the U.S. and South Vietnamese military commands reported only small and scattered ground actions.

Asked U.S. Air Support

Brig. Gen. Sotheane Fernandez, commander of the 2d Military District, said he had asked for U.S. air support for the drive on the plateau but had had no reply. He said, however, that U.S. aerial reconnaissance had been "very helpful" in planning the attack.

Gen. Fernandez estimated there were at least 2,000 Communist troops in the Kirirom area, with other elements in the surrounding countryside.

Gen. Fernandez said Cambodian casualties in yesterday's battle, which sent the troops fleeing from Kirirom, were at least 20 killed and 40 wounded, mostly from mortar fire.

Their withdrawal by helicopter climaxed a three-week struggle for the strategic heights, held by Communist forces for seven days until Cambodian troops retook it July 18. The area is the site of the

former summer villa of the former king of Siam, Prince Norodom Sihanouk.

The Cambodian pullout from Kirirom was seen as a triumph for the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong in their drive to cut Highway 4, linking Phnom Penh and Kompong Som, the site of Cambodia's only oil refinery and deepwater port. It is over the strategic highway that Phnom Penh gets much of its supplies and fuel.

Kirirom is 13 miles from the highway, overlooking it from an 1,800-foot vantage point. Kirirom gives the guerrillas a launch pad for bigger attacks on the already harassed roadway.

Phnom Penh spokesmen said South Vietnamese troops had moved in to reinforce Cambodian forces who retake the nation's only cement factory, 75 miles southwest of Phnom Penh. It was retaken yesterday, 24 hours after it fell to the Communists.

Cambodian T-28 fighters took part in the drive to retake the Chinese Communist-built factory, erected during the regime of Sihanouk. Some of the buildings in the complex were burned.

B-52s Hit Ho Trail

SAIGON, July 29 (AP)—U.S. B-52 bombers continued pounding the Ho Chi Minh supply trail today, 30 of them flying five missions to strike at its terminal points along South Vietnam's borders with Laos and Cambodia.

The aerial bombardment once again dominated the war activity in South Vietnam, as it has for much of the past month. Both the U.S. and South Vietnamese military commands reported only small and scattered ground actions.

U.S. Pilot Fined in Death

DA NANG, South Vietnam, July 29 (AP)—A 31-year-old U.S. Army helicopter pilot was fined \$3,000 by a military court yesterday on charges of negligence in the killing of a Vietnamese farmer who was struck by the landing ed of the low-flying aircraft. Warrant Officer Kenneth P. Outhbertson could have drawn a prison term of from two to ten years.

Senate Group Rescinds Act After Backing Genocide P

WASHINGTON, July 29 (UPI)—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee approved a long-pending treaty against genocide yesterday, then rescinded its action for fear the pact might fail on the Senate floor.

The unusual move came during a two-hour meeting on ratification of a 1948 treaty outlawing systematic murder of races.

The committee approved the treaty, 6 to 5, then rescinded the vote, 7 to 5, when the manager of the measure, Sen. Frank Church, D. Idaho, decided it would be unwise to take the treaty to the floor with such narrow committee support.

Sen. Church said the committee wants to wait until the State Department furnishes legislation to make genocide a federal crime.

Sen. Church said most of those objects are worried about the definition of genocide and a clause that would enable other countries to charge the United States with genocide before the World Court. He cited the My Lai massacre.

Other Actions

In other congressional developments:

• The House yesterday overwhelmingly rejected two efforts to modify its seniority system, but the votes were not a clear test of the desire for reform.

The proposals were offered as amendments to the congressional reorganization bill, which the House left unfinished and will take up again today. Many leading reformers argued that seniority is a party matter to be decided in caucus rather than by new House rules written into law.

Nothing now in the law or the rules of the House provides that the chairman of a committee must be the member of the majority party with the longest service. But under the present system in both House and Senate, the most senior majority-party member of a committee automatically becomes its chairman, by historic custom, regardless of his ability or party loyalty. Both parties have complained that the system is undemocratic and that it prevents a more effective search for the best person to report before the end of the year.

By a vote of 106 to 28, the House rejected a proposal to permit the majority party members of a committee to elect the chairman from among their three most senior members. This was sponsored by Rep. Fred Schwengel, R. Iowa, and was supported largely by liberal Republicans. Liberal Democrats argued against restricting the chairman to the majority party.

Also rejected, 160 to 73, was a proposal by Rep. Henry S. Reuss, D. Wis., which simply would have written into the House rules a statement that chairmen need not be the most senior majority-party members.

18-Year-Old Vote

• A Senate Judiciary subcommittee approved constitutional amendments guaranteeing equal rights for women and lowering the voting age to 18.

The amendments, which Congress has passed in the past few years, have been held up by the Senate for 18 years.

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are archaic, but opponents of the amendment would deprive men of special protections, a labor-law curbs on working hours.

The voting-age amendment response to President Nixon's sections to having lower voting age by congressional action rather than by change in Constitution.

• Food and Drug Commission approved a long-pending amendment to the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act that would require the use of retortable cans for all passenger cars, motorcycles and mopeds built December, 1971.

Consumer advocate Ralph Nader argued for legislation forcing industry to change the facilities existing trains, calling the health hazard.

Post Office Bill

WASHINGTON, July 29 (UPI)—A House-Senate conference committee reached tentative agreement today on a postal reform bill that would give the nation's men an 8 percent pay raise and convert the Post Office into a dependent government agency.

The agreement came during the third week of negotiations, legislation, at a time it was expected the committee might reach an impasse. A final vote was expected tomorrow.

Sen. Brooke Wants U.S. Limit A-For

WASHINGTON, July 29 (UPI)—Sen. Edward W. Brooke, R., has proposed the United States limit its nuclear retaliation in an effort to avoid another escalation of the arms race.

He said a firepower would reassure the Soviet that its present nuclear arsenal is sufficient to deter an attack, thus avoiding another arms race by current arms-limitation talks.

Sen. Brooke's plan, key U.S.-Soviet strategic arms talks (SALT) in Vienna, to halt the spread of the MIRV (multiple independently targeted re-entry vehicles) missiles.

He described his plan today the Senate continued its deliberations on defense spending.

"In the event that

Parties Urge No Veto

4 Billion Education Bill Passed, 11% Above Budget

By Peter Mills

WASHINGTON, July 29 (UPI)—The Senate passed yesterday, 88 to 12, a bill to increase federal education money by \$4 billion, 11% above the budget.

The bill has become a focal point of Mr. Nixon's intensifying fight with the Democratic Congress over federal spending.

Complaints to Congress administration has been increasing in recent days, and Congress is breaking the tie and contributing to inflation.

Nixon Signs Crime Bill for Capital

By Ken W. Clawson

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 29.—President Nixon signed the Crime Bill for Capital.

The bill is a response to the need to combat crime in the nation's capital.

President, who signed the bill, said it was a "strong and effective" measure.

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STAR OF THE SHOW—Linda Kasabian (left), key witness in the Tate-La Bianca trial, eats a peach as she leaves the Los Angeles court with a policeman.

From Tate to La Bianca Murders

Mrs. Kasabian Tells of Hunt For Second Night's Victims

By Leroy F. Aarons

LOS ANGELES, July 29 (UPI)—Linda Kasabian today described a strange odyssey in search of victims led by Charles Manson just one night after the massacre of five people at the home of actress Sharon Tate.

The search, the prosecution charged, ended in the horror slaying of wealthy grocery merchant Leno La Bianca and his wife, Rosemary, on the night of Aug. 9, 1969.

Today the three women defendants came to court wearing pig-tails, similar to Mrs. Kasabian's hairstyle, and throughout the morning shared at the witness and made what looked like her signs at her, running their hands across their lips and chin.

Mrs. Kasabian's attorney, Ron Goldman, said both Manson and the girls had been silently mouthing words at her. Manson at one point mouthed, "You're lying," Mr. Goldman said, to which Mrs. Kasabian mouthed back, "I'm not, I'm telling the truth, and you know it."

Mr. Goldman said Mrs. Kasabian told him, "I feel because I'm telling the truth I'm stronger than all four of them."

Manson, clothed today in a colorful Indian-style shirt and corduroy trousers, took off his sandals shortly after entering court and proceeded barefoot through the proceedings.

The 21-year-old Mrs. Kasabian, her composure regained after her emotional testimony yesterday, told how at one point Manson ordered her to pull up beside a white sports car on Sunset Boulevard, where Manson said he was going to get out and kill the driver. But the light changed and Manson changed his mind.

When the random search party—Manson and five of his "family"—finally reached the La Bianca home, Manson dispatched three of them with the warning, "Don't let them know you're going to kill them."

During today's session, Judge Charles H. Older held Manson's attorney, Irving A. Kanarek, in contempt and ordered him to spend the night in jail. Judge Older, acting out of hearing of the jury and spectators, cited Mr. Kanarek for repeatedly interrupting Mrs. Kasabian's answers with objections.

Mr. Kanarek has lodged approximately 200 objections since the trial testimony began Monday.

Showing Them How Before the group set out on the evening of Aug. 9, Mrs. Kasabian said, Manson called them together in the ranch bunkhouse and said, "Last night was too messy" and tonight he was going to show them how to do it.

In her morning testimony Mrs. Kasabian described the hours immediately following the Tate slayings. As the car pulled away from the estate after the killings, Mrs. Kasabian recalled, both Sadie (Susan Atkins) and Katie (Patricia Krenwinkel) complained of pain in the head from the victims' pulling their hair.

"Sadie said that when she was struggling with the big man (apparently Voytek Frykowski) he hit her in the head, Katie said that when she stabbed there were bones in the way and she couldn't get the knife through all the way, that it took too much energy or whatever and that it hurt her hand."

Watson, Mrs. Kasabian said, told her that when he hit one of the men over the head with a gun it shattered part of it and made it impossible.

She said Watson, who was driving, Miss Krenwinkel and Miss Atkins changed clothes, and then Watson instructed Mrs. Kasabian to throw the bloodied clothing out the window. He then told her, she said, to wipe the fingerprints from two knives and dispose of them. She said she threw them out of the car window.

Step to Hose Off The group stopped to hose off, she said, at a house not far from the Tate estate.

"A woman came out," Mrs. Kasabian related, "and started yelling 'Who's there?' . . . She got sort of hysterical and said, 'My husband's a policeman.'"

Then the husband came out . . . and tried to reach for the keys (to the ignition). But Tex jammed (on the accelerator), so I thought the man's arm was going to go with us."

Back at the ranch Manson was waiting for them, she said. "Sadie said she saw a spot of blood outside the car," Charlie told her to wipe the blood off."

Mrs. Kasabian said Watson reported to Manson that when he entered the Tate house he announced, "I'm the devil, here to do the devil's work."

"Really Messy" He said there was a lot of panic, she related, "that it was really messy, that bodies were lying all over the place and that they were all dead."

She said Manson then asked all four of them if they had any remorse, to which she said all replied they had not. "Charlie told us not to talk this over with anybody at the ranch and to go get some sleep."

Mrs. Kasabian remembered watching television the next day and finding out for the first time the names of the victims.

Breakthrough Is Reported On Hepatitis Will Help Detect Presence of Disease

WASHINGTON, July 29 (AP)—

Commercial researchers have reported a breakthrough toward the development of a screening test for a form of hepatitis transmitted via blood transfusion.

This form is blamed for 3,000 deaths and 30,000 illnesses annually.

The scientists of the Electro-Nuclear Laboratories, Inc., have reported obtaining the most highly purified form ever available commercially of a virus-like particle called the Australia antigen.

Recently, this agent has come under strong scientific suspicion as a major cause of at least serum hepatitis and possibly also of many cases of the second form of the disease, infectious hepatitis.

Now, the second phase of the project has begun.

The research group is inoculating goats with this purified material in order to produce an anti-serum. This serum could then, theoretically, be used as the basis for mass-screening tests of blood samples to detect the presence of serum hepatitis.

The scientists said that their findings offer a first step toward developing such a long-sought, rapid, inexpensive and highly sensitive test for screening up to ten million units of transfusion blood donated every year.

They also declared that the new development could lead to earlier detection of undiagnosed cases of both serum and infectious hepatitis.

Serum hepatitis can be transmitted by transfusions and also by contaminated syringes. At least one scientist has said that the serum form has appeared lately to be increasing, largely due to our young population's use of intravenous experimentation with drugs.

Grant for P.R. Students NEW YORK, July 29 (UPI)—The U.S. Office of Education has announced a grant of \$71,000 to reduce the dropout rate among Puerto Rican college students, a rate estimated at more than 60 percent.

The grant was made to Aspira, a voluntary agency that helps finance Puerto Rican students through college.

20,000 With Physical Defects Are Drafted by U.S. Annually WASHINGTON, July 29 (UPI)—

The armed forces annually accept an average of 20,000 men into the military who should have been rejected for physical defects; the General Accounting Office announced.

In a survey covering fiscal years 1968 and 1969, the office found that the number of drafted and enlisted personnel discharged because of physical defects that exceeded prior to service exceeded 39,400.

A similar survey by the office for the fiscal years 1966 and 1967 showed that roughly 42,000—more than 10,000 more—were accepted with disqualifying physical defects during that period.

Both reports were requested by Sen. Richard S. Schweiker, R., Pa. The accounting office, which keeps track of government spending for Congress, said that some improvements had been made in the screening process since the 1968 report. Among the changes cited were the renovation of facilities at medical testing stations and the special training of medical officers.

Cost Estimates The report, issued Monday, said, however, that the military spent about \$17.9 million in fiscal 1969 for pay, uniforms and travel of soldiers eventually discharged because of pre-service defects. But two years earlier (1967), the cost was estimated by the accounting office at \$19.5 million.

The cost estimates were limited only to men discharged within a year of active service. Most of the men with pre-service defects were discharged within a year.

The report found that, over the last four years, about 2.3 percent of all enlisted men entering the military were later discharged for pre-service physical defects.

Among those cited in the survey as having entered the military were a man whose right leg was an inch-and-a-half shorter than his left, an individual with one kidney missing, and a man with no muscles on much of the left side of his body, including his shoulder, hand and forearm. Information in the report was based on military records and conversations with officials.

Mr. Egan was arrested last night aboard the ferry between Britain and Northern Ireland. He was charged with conspiring with James Anthony Roach, alias Roche, and other persons unknown, to contravene the Firearms Act.

Mr. Roche, 25, was arrested last Thursday after two canisters of CS gas—the riot gas used by the British Army in Northern Ireland—were thrown into the Commons debating chamber, sending members reeling and retching in a rush for the doors.

Mr. Egan is one of a small group of graduates of Queen's University in Belfast who have provided the brains behind Northern Ireland's Catholic-based civil rights campaign.

In Wake of Wallace Victory

Faubus Runs Again for Arkansas Governor

By Roy Reed

HAZEN, Ark., July 29 (UPI)—It was raining when he arrived at a political rally here last Saturday and the people had huddled under the great oaks to eat their catfish.

He stepped out of his automobile wearing a splendidly tailored black suit and went to work at once shaking hands, giving no notice to the rain and making no effort to stay under the umbrella held by the pretty young woman in the short skirt who had come with him.

His hair was longer than it used to be. It curled a little above his collar, giving his face a surprisingly youthful look. Between the fingers of his left hand he held a cigarette in a polished holder.

Only one politician would dare walk into a political rally in this hard scabrous state carrying a cigarette holder. He is Orval E. Faubus, occupant of the Arkansas governor's chair longer than any other man, namesake of federal power half a generation ago, preparer of the way for the third-party movement of former Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama.

Wallace Example Mr. Faubus is running for governor again four years after retiring from the office he held for 12 years, a record term for an Arkansas governor. He is trying to make the same kind of political comeback in his own peculiar way, that Mr. Wallace brought off this spring.

If he succeeds, it will be due partly to what he calls the "ideological boost" that the Wallace victory gave to Faubus supporters.

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in Arkansas. But it will also be due to much more.

At 60, rested and healthy after four years of running an amusement park in the Ozark Mountains, Mr. Faubus is given a good chance of winning the Democratic nomination in the primary Aug. 26 or, in case of a runoff, two weeks later.

Cov. Winthrop Rockefeller, a Republican who is moderately liberal on the race issue, is expected to win easily his party's nomination for a third term. He will be in deep trouble if he has to face Mr. Faubus in the November election. The man from the Ozarks is one of the ablest and toughest campaigners Arkansas has seen.

Race Out As Issue None of the 12 Republican and Democratic candidates is whipping up the race issue in the old manner. Other major Democratic candidates include Attorney General Joe Purcell and House Speaker Hayes C. McClellin. Both are racial moderates. In many ways, so is the new incarnation of Mr. Faubus.

Nevertheless, a Faubus comeback would be seen as one more indication of a hardening of political attitudes in the South, coming on the heels of the Wallace victory and of the defeat of Sen. Ralph Yarborough, the liberal Texas Democrat, by a conservative primary opponent.

Mr. Faubus is still a potent symbol of white resistance 13 years after he called out the National Guard to block nine black children from integrating Little Rock Central High School.

Inspired Resistance He became the first Southern governor to inspire a massive federal-state confrontation over integration. President Dwight D. Eisenhower had to send federal troops to keep the nine Negroes in Central High School. The federal government won, but so did Mr. Faubus. He was unbeatable in every election after that.

Another big round of school desegregation is scheduled in Arkansas and the rest of the South this fall because of renewed pressure from the Nixon administration. Schools are on people's minds once again.

If any candidate benefits from that preoccupation in Arkansas, it will be Mr. Faubus.

Air Fares Within U.S. Frozen Until Oct. 15 WASHINGTON, July 29 (AP)—

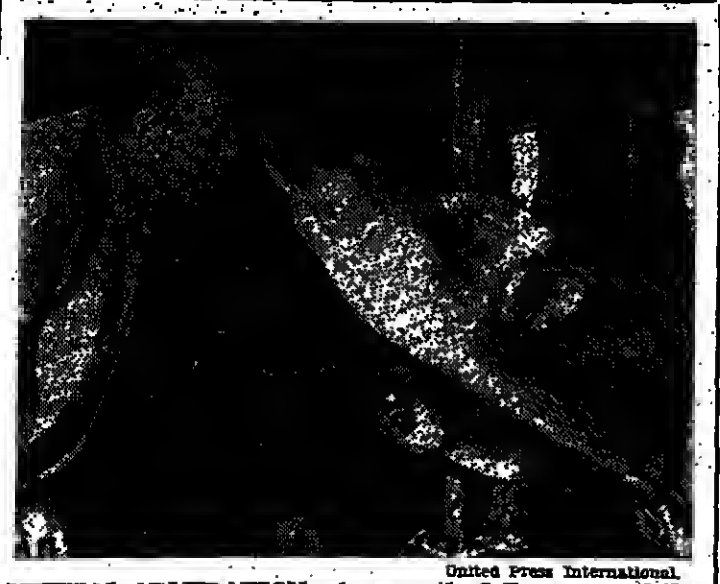
The Civil Aeronautics Board ruled today that current domestic air fares will remain in effect until Oct. 15 while new rates are being established.

The CAB's action is contingent on assent by the U.S. Court of Appeals here, which earlier this month said air fares had been formulated illegally. The court may still order a rollback of the \$800 million fare rise.

The board said it will require the airlines to file new tariff schedules, for its consideration and public review, to go into effect after Oct. 15.

The CAB said it believes the new procedure to be "the quickest, fairest and most effective way" to resolve the unsettled situation with regard to air fares.

The announcement was in response to a decision of the appeals court ruling that a CAB order last Sept. 12, allowing fare increases of about 6.35 percent, was invalid because the board had not complied with public-notice and hearing requirements.



MUTUAL ADMIRATION—Apparently fully aware of the respect due to the nation's leader, this friendly call presents its homage to Danish Premier Hilmar Baunsgaard, visiting a farm on the island of Fyen.

French Mayor, Ex-General Quarrel Over Pop Festival

PARIS, July 29 (AP)—A Socialist mayor, worried about hippies who might damage his plane trees, and a former parachute general, who calls marijuana "a joke," are locked in battle over a banned pop-music festival.

The mayor of Aix-en-Provence does not want it anywhere near his town. The general, likely to lose out on a \$200,000 dollar investment in the festival, has written to President Georges Pompidou asking him to overturn the mayor and allow the show to go on on Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

Mayor Felix Ciccolini said the main reason he doesn't want the festival is because of the risk of fire.

He also made clear that he does not think it fits into the cultural image of Aix-en-Provence, home of a classical music festival. And he told a reporter:

"I don't want these young people coming and making on our town's plane trees."

Gen. Claude Clement, 65, is a former parachute commander who was eased out of the French Army after being suspected of siding with rebellious colonels in the abortive Algiers coup against Gen. Charles de Gaulle.

Describing himself as a pop-music nut, Gen. Clement said he carried 1,000 records with him through campaigns in Indochina and the Sahara. "You can be half dead like me and still be in," he said. "It's up to the old ones to turn their organizing experience over to youth."

Gen. Clement expected 100,000 young people at the festival, arriving aboard planes chartered from Sweden, Denmark and Germany. Then, on July 29, came the mayor's order banning the festival as creating a "major risk of fire" and threatening public order.

Since then Gen. Clement has gotten together 14 water cannons as fire prevention. To keep order, he has hired 35 special policemen and 110 harkis—Algerian soldiers who fought with the French against the Algerian rebels.

Because the performers' contracts cannot be canceled, Gen. Clement may try to

Open House

Those cheers that echoed in the House of Representatives on Monday may have violated the rules but they were nevertheless very much in order. They were cheers for democracy, for the basic idea of representative government, for the concept of government by the consent of the governed. They came in response to a historic House decision to put an end, at long last, to its ancient practice of voting in secret on amendments to pending legislation. By an almost unanimous voice vote, the members of the House approved an amendment to the Congressional Reorganization Bill providing that in the future they shall be recorded by name as they pass up the aisle to vote on amendments.

The House, at the same time, approved some other exceedingly salutary changes in its procedures. It agreed to permit at least ten minutes of debate on any amendment printed in advance in the Congressional Record. And it approved the installation of electronic voting equipment to speed up roll calls provided that later on the House decides that it wishes to tally its divisions in this modern, efficient and sensible fashion. More's the pity that it did not decide also to make committee meetings open to the public as a general rule. All these changes are simply devices for transacting the public business in public. They will serve at once to help the representatives themselves to know what they are doing and to help their constituents to know what they have done.

Because in their present form the changes are amendments to a bill which must have the concurrence of the Senate before it can become law, one cannot yet regard them as *faits accomplis*. But the support for them in the House was so strong, so healthy and

so overwhelming that one can reasonably suppose the House would adopt them as rules of its own if the Senate should fail to translate them into an act of Congress. They reflect great credit on the House and will surely enhance the confidence of the country in its government.

Secrecy in the House is one of those curious folk-ways perpetuated as tradition long after the purpose for which it was originally contrived has been forgotten. The House of Commons in England undertook to keep its proceedings secret in order to protect its members from reprisals by James I and Charles I in the 17th century. The practice, designed to offset despotism, soon proved itself despotic. It led to all sorts of abuses difficult to unmask and to rebuke because responsibility for them could not be discerned. "Next to the existence of open constitutions, and a fair mode of election," the historian Lecky wrote, "the best security a nation can possess for the fidelity of its representatives is to be found in the system of parliamentary reporting. But this was also wanting. The theory of the statesmen of the first half of the 18th century was that the electors had no right to know the proceedings of their representatives, and it was only after a long and dangerous struggle, which was not terminated until the reign of George III, that the right of printing debates was virtually conceded."

The right of a free people to know how their elected representatives vote is a right without which elections can be considered neither free nor meaningful. The House of Commons recognized this long ago. The House of Representatives honors its best values in joining them now as a genuinely representative body.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Heath's Crucial Choices

It would be difficult in the best of circumstances to have to replace so able and experienced a British cabinet minister as Iain Macleod. Prime Minister Heath had to find that replacement as Chancellor of the Exchequer from a Conservative government barely a month in office after nearly six years in opposition—and his difficulties did not stop there.

He might have sent Reginald Maudling back to the job he held in Tory governments in 1962-64. In doing so, he would have removed one of the most experienced Tory ministers from the Home Office, where he was just coming to grips with the delicate and explosive problem of Northern Ireland. Furthermore, Maudling is the chancellor who left a \$2.2 billion balance-of-payments deficit and is considered to be a doubtful convert to the idea of Britain joining the European Common Market.

Heath's decision to appoint Anthony Bar-

ber as chancellor meant taking him from negotiations hardly under way for British entry into the Common Market and even running the risk of reviving doubts in France and elsewhere as to the seriousness of Britain's bid. In any event, Barber, a close friend and confidant of the Prime Minister, is now the new chancellor and Geoffrey Rippon will leave his post as Minister of Technology to try to negotiate Britain's entry into the European community. Rippon, at 46, has generally lined up with the Tory right wing on economic matters and his skill at delicate negotiation remains untested; but he is a dedicated "European."

Neither man will have an easy road; but with Parliament in recess until October and with no further meetings of ministers on Britain's Common Market application scheduled until that month, each will have time to adjust to his new responsibilities.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

The Trade War

For the first time since the war, serious money quarrels poison Europe-U.S. relations. A trifle, a *faux-pas* can start a commercial war at any moment. And the latter would certainly degenerate into a monetary conflict. A political conflict would ensue.

President Nixon last Monday showed publicly that he took the danger very seriously. . . But for the EEC Commission, textile quotas, which Mr. Nixon accepts, already constitute a most serious violation of international regulations. . . The uneasiness is deep-rooted and goes back a long way.

It was for political reasons that America sponsored the principle of European unity in the fifties. It is now enraged to find before it countries which, while remaining politically dispersed, manage to unite only for bringing it commercial competition. The possibility of British Common Market membership only increases the ill-temper of American exporters: a widened Europe, together with its overseas partners, will represent nearly two-thirds of world trade.

Yet their fears appear hardly justified. Far from having been detrimental to trade development, the Common Market has favored it up to now. Trade between Europe and the United States tripled in ten years.

"It is time," one of Mr. Maurice Schumann's principal aides declares, "for the Americans to stop considering European unity as a political benefit which also brings economic disadvantages. A powerful Common Market is in the interest of the United States. We are interdependent in prosperity."

This is true. But the reasoning would be more convincing if, on the monetary level, Europe assumed responsibilities commensurate

to its commercial power. It is no use saying that it is up to the sinner to bear the burden of his faults because the Americans will not devalue the dollar for the good and simple reason that an increase of the gold price would primarily benefit the principal producer countries, South Africa and Russia.

"The Europeans have something better to do than to accumulate surpluses at the very moment when they complain that the Americans buy their firms too cheaply," monetary expert Robert Triffin notes.

If a European currency existed, it would soon have to be revalued in relation to the dollar. And it is not certain that the countries of the Old Continent have an interest in either *immobilisme* or a blow-by-blow action at random. The commercial war will be settled by the currency, or be made worse by the currency.

—From Marc Ullmann in L'Espresso (Paris).

Cuba's Problems

Dr. Castro chose to take the blame (for economic failures) on Cuban shoulders. As a gesture it must command some respect. But it does not bring the country any nearer to a solution. The basic political problem in Cuba remains the same. Dr. Castro has still not been able, or willing, to create the institutional framework with which the country can be efficiently run. His leadership is still too personal, too experimental, too haphazard. The one bit of light on a bleak horizon is that Chile has decided to break the U.S.-initiated economic embargo. If other Latin American countries follow suit, it will help Cuba some part of the way forward.

—From the Guardian (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

July 20, 1895

PARIS—The elections to the Councils of the departments in France have just taken place, with the exception of Paris, which has a special regime. This appeal to the electorate has once more affirmed the success of the Ministerial Republicans, who have greatly increased their majority over the Radicals and the Monarchists. As for the Socialists, they have only succeeded in returning twelve of their candidates, which is practically nothing, and a great loss for them.

Fifty Years Ago

July 30, 1920

NEW YORK—Mary Pickford and Douglas Fairbanks arrived home today and received an enthusiastic reception at the pier by a delegation from the Friars Club. They were then escorted to their hotel and gave a press conference. "We enjoyed our whole trip abroad and particularly were gratified by the reception we received, wherever we went." Speaking of Paris fashions, Mary Pickford said, "I don't like the short skirts, but I think they are certainly going to be longer this year."



The UN and World Pollution

By Claire Sterling

ROME—There was quiet dismay in UN circles not long ago when U Thant, in an otherwise admirable speech, seemed to hint that a new international body might be needed to cope with problems of the human environment.

Among those already engaged in this pursuit are six special commissions and five specialized agencies of the UN itself (including FAO, WHO, UNESCO, ICSU and ECOSOC), a worldwide network of private UN Associations (UNA), the Council of Europe (CEC), the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), NATO, the Common Market's European Economic Commission (EEC), Eastern Europe's Comecon (CMEA), and at least 23 other inter-governmental or private bodies bearing such impenetrable acronyms as EPPO, ICAO, OMCO, ECMT, ITR, UUIT, IULA, IPEP, IATA and STICHTING CONCAWE.

There is plenty of room in the field, of course, considering the subject's complexity and the gaps in our knowledge that have been coming to light recently. Among other things we've discovered rather late in the day is the fact that scientists still aren't sure how much carbon dioxide we can inject into the atmosphere before heating it up enough to melt the polar ice caps, how much smog can cut off the sun's rays without bringing a new Ice Age upon us, how many germs per cubic centimeter of water we can swallow and live, how much better or worse off the human race would actually be for using or banning DDT.

Some Progress
Nevertheless our sources of pooled information are certainly improving. Not all that international bodies listed above have gotten past the windy stage of expostulation and exhortation, but several have. The OECD, whose member states include most of Western Europe as well as Canada and the United States, is by all accounts the most efficient. It has already completed an exhaustive study on noise and begun another on the air. Its efforts are directed mainly toward standardizing data and examining possible remedial action. . . how much it will cost, who should pay, and so on.

The Council of Europe has also produced useful country studies; and others are being prepared for a new arm of NATO designed to

defend the Atlantic Alliance against everything called the Committee on the Challenge of Modern Society (CCMS). Insofar as the CCMS is meant to command governmental attention at the highest levels, President Nixon's initiative in proposing it last autumn was commendable, especially since his proposal was accompanied by a very handsome offer of financing. All the same, several of our NATO partners didn't like it (and still don't) because of a certain parochial quality they feel we ought to be rising above.

It's the Russians we're after, really. (They may say that "socialism, with its respect for nature, protects the health of all men, even in the capitalist world," whereas capitalism does the opposite. But the condition of the Baltic and Caspian Seas, not to mention the once crystal-pure Lake Baikal in Siberia, scarcely confirms that.) Naturally, the Chinese should be in on this too. Apart from participating in the weather-watching World Meteorological Organization (WMO), however, they are apparently not about to join anything. Since no effort at planetary husbandry is likely to get far without the Chinese and the Russians, efforts to rope in our fellow men at the Kremlin are intensifying from month to month. Although not everybody may be prepared to believe it, the best way of going about this so far seems to be through the UN.

Prague Meeting

The UN's Economic Commission for Europe (ECE) is in close touch with Soviet and other Eastern European leaders, to prepare for a continent-wide conference of industrialized nations on the environment in Prague next May. That conference will prepare in turn for a planetary summit meeting to be held in Stockholm under UN auspices for the following year. Theoretically, the thousand delegates to the Stockholm gathering will already have reached the stage of drawing up guidelines for planet-wide environmental codes. What progress may be made in that direction by a thousand delegates sitting in one room—allegedly having to refer back to their governments—may be open to question. It is interesting, though, that every step in the UN's laborious preparations for the Stockholm Conference has been endorsed unanimously since Sweden first proposed it two years ago.

On the other hand, the UN forum is distinctly public, something from which Soviet leaders tend automatically to shy. They are inclined therefore to be more relaxed in discreet encounters between their own and other private UN Associations, especially ours: Arthur Goldberg's visit to Moscow last summer under such sponsorship ended in a promising agreement for joint studies, if only in parallel.

Club of Rome

Still more privately, Premier Kossygin's son-in-law, Gherman Gvishiani, has discussed a projected series of computer-based systems analyses with McGeorge Bundy, who has, since President Johnson asked him to in 1968, been trying to "explore the state of international knowledge about some of the larger problems faced by the industrialized societies." And even more privately, Gvishiani has been approached by an intriguing and almost clandestine band of 30-odd international experts from almost as many countries who call themselves the Club of Rome.

The Club's prospectus is rather daunting semantically, speaking as it does of "hermetic approaches," "decision-effectivity," "time-spans," "discontinuities," "metabolic relations," and 47 planet-wide "Continuous Critical Problems (CCPs)," which must be "cognized" before the time-spans run out. Actually, the Club's project is wildly ambitious and altogether absorbing: a computer-based effort to build a three-dimensional model of the 47 CCP's, measure their effects upon one another, and observe these effects as they expand with time. The fact that computers will be provided for this study by the august Battelle Institute in Geneva and that the working group will be directed by Dr. Hasan Ozbekhan, head of King Resources' Computer Division in California, who is considered by those who know him to be a genius, suggests that this effort to achieve "leap in inventiveness . . . surpassing conventional wisdom" is being taken quite seriously.

One gathers from all this information collecting that we may be able to move on before too long from the elementary study level to the more fermented ones of decision-making. Maybe U Thant is right in his explicitly delicate skepticism about the UN's capacity to preside successfully over planetary deliberations at that stage. If the UN cannot, however, who could?

The New Soviet Union

By Joseph Alsop

WASHINGTON—America, at this moment, rather horribly resembles England and France in the early and middle 30's. The young are like the Oxford undergraduates who resolved never "to bear arms for king and country." The old are refusing to face the harsh new facts of the national situation, just as most people in France and England refused to face the harsh facts created by Adolf Hitler.

The prevailing self-delusion is just a bit more exorable, for we have no Hitler-figure, nowadays, to tell us in plain terms just where we stand. Our own situation has changed, in fact, primarily because Soviet behavior has changed quite radically. And as Soviet behavior was never all that charming, it has been easy to ignore the extremely dangerous change that has now occurred.

To begin at the beginning, the sources of this change in Soviet behavior are easy to identify. The Soviets' own situation has also changed, for one thing, simply because this country has by now passively surrendered our former enormous margin in nuclear-strategic power. That, in itself, was bound to lead to some degree of recalculation of risks in the Kremlin.

The Grechko Story

This has plainly coincided, however, with another kind of change, perhaps very profound, inside the Soviet itself. Except for pre-Pearl Harbor Japan, the Soviet Union today is in fact unique among the major nations of the twentieth century, in the simple sense that the military leaders are able to name their own boss, the defense minister.

The fairly dramatic story of Marshal Andrei Grechko's appointment to lead the Defense Ministry

was first printed, long ago, in this column. The implications of that story have also been stressed before. Yet it cannot be too often reiterated that when the military leaders are able to name their own boss, this can only mean that the military has acquired very great social-political leverage.

This alone sets the present-day Soviet Union quite apart from the Soviet Union of Stalin, and even the Soviet Union of Khrushchev. To this must be added the further fact that the official civilian boss, Leonid Brezhnev, is almost certainly the Soviet marshals' chief ally on the Presidium, as well as the prime beneficiary of their important political support.

If the Joint Chiefs of Staff were able to impose General Curtis LeMay as Secretary of Defense, and had also played a considerable role in President Nixon's election, we should naturally expect a different style of U.S. policy-making and behavior. That is about what has happened in Moscow, and this, no doubt, is really why Soviet behavior has changed so disturbingly.

The word "behavior" is used here, because Soviet policy has always been the maximum expansion of Soviet power, wherever expansion was possible without undue risk. In this sense, at least, Soviet policy has not been modified at all.

But as the world first saw when the wretched Czechoslovaks met their fate, the style of Soviet policy has now become much more crassly militaristic. A drastic recalculation of risks has obviously been made, too, partly because of the altered nuclear balance. Yet the main behavior change is even more basic.

In the past, the big, dangerous Soviet actions were always taken in response to what looked like offsetting opportunities. Berlin look-

ed, hopelessly exposed, so Berlin was blockaded. The United States went in for disarmament in 1949, so the Korean war was touched off in 1950. And so it went, until the rise in power and influence of the Soviet marshals.

It is one thing, please remember, to seize opportunities when they seem to be offered, free gratis. But it is quite another thing to go to work with cold-blooded calculation, over long periods of time, to create new opportunities for the effective application of military power.

That savors far more of military planning than civilian policy-making. And that is the main change in Soviet behavior which we now have to face up to.

The China Front

The long, methodical preparation for the present crunch in the Middle East has been paralleled by the long, methodical preparation for a possible war with Communist China. The American analysts used to say that it would only begin to be necessary to worry about this when the Soviet divisions on the Chinese border had passed a total of thirty.

This summer, Soviet reinforcement had gone forward apace. The total of divisions on the border is now a rock-bottom thirty-five, with forty-five quite probable. More ominously, the Soviets have just moved up three of their special units equipped to fire their "scale-board" missiles, which have a 500-mile range and nuclear warheads.

This "scale-board" are made to order to take out China's nuclear capability. In sum, although none can guess this time factor, a preventive nuclear attack on China is at least being considered seriously. If that is not enough to prove that a new phase has opened, one wonders what the needed proof might be.

W. Germany and Israel Changing Relationship

By Joe Alex Morris

BONN—An Israeli correspondent recently filed a story to his newspaper in which he compared the present Israeli ambassador to West Germany, Eliahu Ben-Horin, to his predecessor, Asher Ben-Nathan, in highly uncompromising terms.

"Ben-Nathan was a man in the truest sense of the word," he wrote, "to think that Ben-Horin is worthy of this title."

The venomous comparison was both subtle and highly inaccurate. But it said about the present state of relations between West Germany and Israel.

They are not as good as the Israelis would like. The Israelis are anxious to continue the "special relationship" developed between the two countries in the '50s.

Chancellor Willy Brandt's center-left coalition is by no means anti-Israeli. But this is a government obsessed with the idea of "normalizing" relations—first and foremost with Moscow and the Communist states of Eastern Europe.

But also with Israel and—on the other side—with the Arab states, ten of which have severed relations with Bonn. What the Israeli correspondent was really complaining about was the end of an era, which aggressive Israeli ambassadors like Ben-Nathan could get what they wanted out of Bonn, simply because of the dark Hitlerite past.

Lighter Shadows
The Brandt government, unlike its predecessors, is not gripped by these shadows from the past. Brandt himself was an early political refugee from Nazism, and his cabinet and top ministerial ranks are stocked with men who spent time in Nazi concentration camps for their political beliefs.

It is ironic but a political truism, some Israelis are aware, that Israel got along better with West German governments still tainted with these shadows of the past. "They had a political guilty conscience," one explained.

Such a man was Hans Globke, state secretary and right-hand man to Konrad Adenauer who was sharply attacked for his interpretations of racist laws during the Hitler regime. Another was former Chancellor Kurt Georg Kiesinger, a friend of Israel, said one. He once a high official in the Nazi propaganda ministry and also a good friend of Israel.

In contrast, one of Brandt's closest advisers is Hans-Jürgen Wischnewsky, Socialist party member and a man whose pro-Arab tendencies have earned him the nickname "Ben Vesh." But at least some Israelis believe are more concerned about Foreign Minister

Walzer Scheel, who has led talk about "normalization" of relations with Israel.

There is a suspicion in Israeli circles here that Scheel, who leader of the Free Democrats trying to lure voters from the right National Democratic Party (NPD), which until its demise the last elections was a haven for what remains of the diehard (and anti-Semitic) vote. There absolutely no evidence to count this, but the suspicion is that the Free Democrats are a desperate fight for their continuing political existence.

Secret Aid

At least some Israelis are disturbed that Brandt chose to an Arab state for his vice last winter. He went to Tunis accompanied by "Ben Vesh."

Tunisia is one of three states still maintaining relations with Bonn following the war when it was discovered West Germany was secretly shipping arms to Israel before the 1948-49 war. The details of this, worked out by Adenauer and Ben-Gurion in 1960, have been officially confirmed. Estimates are that at least a million worth of supplies and arms went to Israel before the 1948-49 war, and ships were sent.

Brandt's overtures to the Arab including interviews with influential newspapers in which he pressed his desire to get back on a normal basis, have been at Israel's expense. Bonn strongly supported Israel's bid for a preferential status with Common Market, for example, it still classifies Israel as an undeveloped country so she is eligible for special types of government aid.

The "normalization" which some Israelis have been preaching for some time, a secret military aid ended years ago, and the special relationship under which Bonn has Israel \$750 million ran from 1950 to 1964.

Individual reparations claims and were \$140 million last year. But direct economic aid was slightly to \$35 million in 1969. Israelis here take the line that they are not against Bonn's efforts to improve relations with Arab states. "We know Brandt, a friend of Israel," said one. He once a high official in the Nazi propaganda ministry and also a good friend of Israel.

But what appears to irritate most is talk about "normalization" which don't accept "normalization" or Israel. "Not in this general anyway. It can't be the case."

Letters

Nixon's Advisers

It is time that President Nixon took a close look at his various advisers referred to as "liberal" and "moderate."

His special adviser on "campus turmoil," Chancellor Alexander Heard of Vanderbilt University, is reported as informing him that the invasion of Cambodia had the effect of pushing "leftward large numbers of students of normally moderate and conservative viewpoints." If this is a sample of the special advice it is not surprising that Mr. Heard's recommendations, along with those of James E. Check, president of Howard University, were not made public for fear that their implementation might be handicapped by the publicity.

Furthermore, if Mr. Heard's and Mr. Check's ideas cannot stand the light of day, are we to assume that these men are part of the Fifth Column operating in the United States today or only two of its famous dupes? In any event, the academic community has long since become the Achilles' heel of the West. It is no accident that the most publicized economists are those Marxist-Keynesian professors, Galbraith and Samuelson. Need we wonder then why Mr. Heard warns of "frustration and dissatisfaction" on the part of many students when their professors are

brainwashing them daily with a hideous drive as Marxism, Existentialism, Phenomenology, etc. Step by step, the American people are being persuaded to recede before the demands of vast groups and factions whose aim is the total destruction of capitalist society and Western culture. Indeed, Mr. Check is the cat out of the bag with his mark to the President that black community's goal is no less "civil rights" but "social justice" a euphemism for legal plunder, robbing Peter to pay Paul.

No, it is not Cambodia that pushes students "leftward" but people like Messrs. Heard and Check.

RAYMOND V. MCNALLY
London.

Inalienable Right

On reading Premier Fidel Castro's anti-imperialist and anti-American editorial coming upon it, I was reminded of a mark Mahatma Gandhi made a few weeks before he was murdered: "Please try never forget that it is the inalienable right of a people to misgovern themselves." He might well be speaking today, of Cuba, Indochina.

EVERT BARGHE
London.

U Replies Morris avorably Colombo

It's Available Italian Cabinet

July 29 (AP)—Premier Emilio Colombo's chances of a new four-party coalition government for Italy increased today.

Colombo, who gained renewed support in center-left circles for the last seven years, received a favorable reception from the Christian Democracy (DC) party.

PSU told him it was "available" to join a government, but by scolding its rival, the Socialist Party (PSI) for its role in some local and regional elections with Italy's Communist collaboration.

Communist collaboration has been at the heart of the government crisis, now 24 days old. Other questions have arisen around economic reforms.

"Crucial" Day
Evening, Mr. Colombo had scheduled with the PSI his own Christian Democracy party in what most Italian papers called a "crucial" day negotiations.

Meeting with Mr. Colombo, the PSI issued a noncommittal unique saying only that all to the crisis had been touched.

It also said that the PSI's directors would meet to review Mr. Colombo's about how the next government should perform.

Reports spoke of a "gentle" softening of the conflict between the parties, especially between the DC and the PSI.

Mr. Colombo, secretary-general of the PSI, reaffirmed his readiness to join a four-party coalition.

Fourth prospective coalition is the small but vocal Italian party, which Mr. Colombo has been trying to bring into a well-defined economic

to fight the country's degrading financial situation, ally to prevent devaluation.

Mr. Colombo had already of the job of treasury minister to La Malfa, secretary general of the Republican party.

ve-Year Budget French Military

at \$16 Billion

PARIS, July 29 (AP)—The French Cabinet today approved a five-year equipment budget of \$16 billion (\$16.8 billion) for years 1971 to 1975 that will

level of funds allocated for military spending for the first time next

about 30 percent, or 30 billion francs (\$5.4 billion), will go into equipment of the nation's nuclear strike force.

President Georges Pompidou, speaking at a Cabinet meeting, said: "The growth of the military budget will be less than that of the gross national product and the national state budget."

"But," he said, "an effort will be made so that the money spent will have the maximum effect."

The defense budget is keyed to mechanization of French and foreign forces and the development of strategic nuclear weapons, missile-launching submarines and a mononuclear bomb.

Mr. Pompidou said the necessary funds would be made to maintain capacity for overseas intervention and the presence of our forces at all points of the globe.

Foreign Trade Up
PARIS, July 29 (Reuters)—France Minister Valéry Giscard d'Estaing reported today that foreign trade for the first six months of this year showed a big increase in volume and an improvement in the ratio of exports to imports.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing told a cabinet meeting that France's foreign trade amounted to 100,000 million francs (\$18 billion) in the first six months of this year, compared to 90 million francs (\$14.5 billion) in the first half of 1969.

Oda Slobodskaya
LONDON, July 29 (AP)—Oda Slobodskaya, 81, who once sang operatic arias for the czar of Russia, has died in a London hospital.

Gen. Arkady A. Bocharov
MOSCOW, July 29 (AP)—Gen. Arkady A. Bocharov, 69, deputy chief surgeon of the Soviet armed forces, has died. The Defense Ministry newspaper Krasnaya Zvezda (Red Star) reported today. Gen. Bocharov also served as chief surgeon at Moscow's Mankin Military Hospital.

Vichy to Start Charging
For Its Famed Free Waters

VICHY, France, July 29 (AP)—Vichy's sparkling waters, said to revitalize the liver, polish the skin and leave the kidneys feeling for joy, become another victim of economic inflation this year.

Ending its tradition of giving away the mineral waters free at various springs, Vichy will begin charging in December.

After a century of good business, the city has money problems. A new agreement between the French government, owner of Vichy's springs and thermal baths, and the Perrier company, which has the concession for bottling Vichy's waters, will give Perrier the right to set up mineral-water plants in town.

Since the Second Empire, the de Sévigné and the Belle Époque, all you needed was your own cup. Almost every carries cups protected by red containers of straw.

The government says charges for the waters will help with Perrier's financial prob-



PROUD SUPERMOM—Mrs. Vito Sarro, of Monemiletto, Italy, presents Gianni, all dolled up for baptism services. Little Gianni is the newest of Mrs. Sarro's 26 children.

Rep. Kirwan, 'Pork Barrel' Boss, Dies

WASHINGTON, July 29 (WP)—Michael J. Kirwan, D., Ohio, at 83 the second-oldest member of the House of Representatives, died Monday.

Rep. Kirwan was a professional Irishman, a teary sentimental, powerful custodian of the House "pork barrel," ruthless chairman of the House Democratic Campaign Committee, and bluster champion of the National Aqueduct, for which the ground has not yet been broken, and a billion-dollar canal called "Mike's ditch" (the Ohio River-Lake Erie canal), which never was dug.

Mr. Kirwan, whose formal education stopped at the third grade, worked as a child in the mines as a "breaker boy," picking pieces of slate out of the coal. A "breaker boss" sat behind the boys with a club in one hand, and a mace in the other.

His Own Club
When Mr. Kirwan went to Congress years later, he soon acquired the power equivalents of a club and peace of his own: the chairmanship of both his party's campaign committee and of the House Public Works subcommittee.

If fellow congressmen displeased him, they sometimes found it difficult to get down for their districts or campaign funds for themselves.

Mr. Kirwan, who came to Congress in 1907, was the seventh-ranking member in House seniority, but only Rep. William L. Dawson, D., Ill., 84, was older. Mr. Kirwan had been in declining health for several years.

He died at the Bethesda Naval Medical Center, where he had been hospitalized since the summer of 1969, when he fell and broke a vertebra. He had planned to retire at the end of this month.

Luvnsandorjijn Toiv
MOSCOW, July 29 (Reuters)—Mongolian Foreign Minister Luvnsandorjijn Toiv died in Ulan Bator today after a long and grave illness. Tass reported from the Mongolian capital.

Mr. Toiv, who was born in 1915, served as a counselor in his country's embassies in both Moscow and Peking before becoming chief Mongolian delegate to the United Nations in 1964. He had been foreign minister since 1968.

Gen. Arkady A. Bocharov
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Rhodesia Ready to Negotiate With New British Government

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, July 29 (UPI)—Prime Minister Ian Smith told Parliament last night international recognition for Rhodesia was still his prime target and that he is ready to enter into talks with the new British government in an attempt to heal the breach caused by Salisbury's unilateral declaration of independence.

Replying to points raised by black opposition members of Parliament, Mr. Smith reiterated previous statements that he is willing to talk to anybody as long as it promised to be "serious and constructive."

Mr. Smith said it was the previous British Prime Minister, Harold Wilson, who broke off negotiations with Rhodesia and handed the matter over to the United Nations.

He added: "Rhodesia has never been found wanting as far as constructive talks were concerned. I have always been prepared to talk with anyone if I thought this would be serious and constructive."

The government is constantly occupied by the question of international recognition, Mr. Smith said. "We must continue to try, this is obviously our target—to regain our place among other nations in the world," he added.

He said that if anyone knew a short cut or a magic solution to the problem, he would be glad to hear it.

To Explore Possibilities
LONDON, July 29 (UPI)—Britain's Conservative government will explore the possibility of starting talks with the Rhodesian government, diplomatic sources said today.

The sources said the Conservative government's position is that the possibility of opening talks must be explored "slowly and carefully" so that any discussions would stand a reasonable chance of leading toward a settlement.

The Conservative and the former Labor government have insisted there can be no settlement of the independence issue unless Rhodesia agrees to the unimpeded progress of its 4 million black Africans toward majority rule.

The presiding judge, Odd Ploen, ordered a statement read into the record to indicate that Capt. Ploen understood the situation to be that crew members who had assigned places in the lifeboats wanted to take them so as not to hinder passengers and that was why they were held back.

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Mrs. Gandhi Wins Confidence Vote

NEW DELHI, July 29 (Reuters)—Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's minority government today won a big vote of confidence which should see it secure in power for the present session of Parliament.

The lower house rejected an opposition no-confidence motion by 241 votes to 124. The vote showed that Mrs. Gandhi, whose ministry has been in a 41-seat minority since last year's split in the Congress party, can stay in power with support from independents, regional parties and the pro-Moscow Communist party of India. The Congress party has only 221 seats in the 522-seat house.

The 83-year-old premier rejected right-wing opposition charges that she had concentrated all power in her own hands following a major cabinet reshuffle last month and subsequent administrative changes.

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The Pace Is Slow In Moscow Talks

MOSCOW, July 29 (WP)—Talks between Foreign Ministers Walter Scheel and Andrei Gromyko on a Bonn-Moscow non-aggression treaty continued today amid indications that the two sides were still far away from agreement.

Chief West German spokesman Ruediger von Weizsaecker conceded that the going was "slow and difficult," but emphasized that it would be "definitely incorrect" to characterize the impasse as a "crisis."

Two composers were on the rehearsal schedule: Mozart and Schubert. "Goodness, maestro," Labate said, "what we play first—Mozart?" "No," Sir John replied, "Schubert."

Sir John's strengths were described by Harold C. Schonberg,

Hopes for Inflation End It Blow as Prices Climb

By Hobart Rowen

IGTON, July 29 (WP).—The administration's hopes for a return to price stability were dealt a sharp blow today by the sharpest rise in prices in six months.

The Labor Department's preliminary report for July, which showed a 0.5 percent rise in the consumer price index, was a sharp reversal of the

Her Issues Warning on Trade Plan

July 29 (NYT).—West Economics Minister Karl Schuster today issued a warning to the U.S. government about the proposed U.S. trade plan, which would allow a wide range of imports from the U.S. to be sold in Germany.

He said that the plan was a great peril that a wave of inflation would be set off.

Mr. Schuster said he had been following the current trade policy in the United States with great attention and worry. He hoped the trade plan would be a step toward a more balanced six-nation European Community, the United Kingdom and Japan, which would allow for liberalized trade barriers.

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Leveling of Price Rises Seen OECD; Hope for Wall St.

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

July 29 (NYT).—A 22-nation economic organization said today that the U.S. economy during the second half of this year and the first half of 1971 would see a leveling of price rises to 3 1/4 percent by the end of 1971.

The organization for Economic Cooperation and Development staff forecast "might well imply a recovery on Wall Street."

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2857, 2859, 2861, 2863, 2865, 2867, 2869, 2871, 2873, 2875, 2877, 2879, 2881, 2883, 2885, 2887, 2889, 2891, 2893, 2895, 2897, 2899, 2901, 2903, 2905, 2907, 2909, 2911, 2913, 2915, 2917, 2919, 2921, 2923, 2925, 2927, 2929, 2931, 2933, 2935, 2937, 2939, 2941, 2943, 2945, 2947, 2949, 2951, 2953, 2955, 2957, 2959, 2961, 2963, 2965, 2967, 2969, 2971, 2973, 2975, 2977, 2979, 2981, 2983, 2985, 2987, 2989, 2991, 2993, 2995, 2997, 2999, 3001, 3003, 3005, 3007, 3009, 3011, 3013, 3015, 3017, 3019, 3021, 3023, 3025, 3027, 3029, 3031, 3033, 3035, 3037, 3039, 3041, 3043, 3045, 3047, 3049, 3051, 3053, 3055, 3057, 3059, 3061, 3063, 3065, 3067, 3069, 3071, 3073, 3075, 3077, 3079, 3081, 3083, 3085, 3087, 3089, 3091, 3093, 3095, 3097, 3099, 3101, 3103, 3105, 3107, 3109, 3111, 3113, 3115, 3117, 3119, 3121, 3123, 3125, 3127, 3129, 3131, 3133, 3135, 3137, 3139, 3141, 3143, 3145, 3147, 3149, 3151, 3153, 3155, 3157, 3159, 3161, 3163, 3165, 3167, 3169, 3171, 3173, 3175, 3177, 3179, 3181, 3183, 3185, 3187, 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3521, 3523, 3525, 3527, 3529, 3531, 3533, 3535, 3537, 3539, 3541, 3543, 3545, 3547, 3549, 3551, 3553, 3555, 3557, 3559, 3561, 3563, 3565, 3567, 3569, 3571, 3573, 3575, 3577, 3579, 3581, 3583, 3585, 3587, 3589, 3591, 3593, 3595, 3597, 3599, 3601, 3603, 3605, 3607, 3609, 3611, 3613, 3615, 3617, 3619, 3621, 3623, 3625, 3627, 3629, 3631, 3633, 3635, 3637, 3639, 3641, 3643, 3645, 3647, 3649, 3651, 3653, 3655, 3657, 3659, 3661, 3663, 3665, 3667, 3669, 3671, 3673, 3675, 3677, 3679, 3681, 3683, 3685, 3687, 3689, 3691, 3693, 3695, 3697, 3699, 3701, 3703, 3705, 3707, 3709, 3711, 3713, 3715, 3717, 3719, 3721, 3723, 3725, 3727, 3729, 3731, 3733, 3735, 3737, 3739, 3741, 3743, 3745, 3747, 3749, 3751, 3753, 3755, 3757, 3759, 3761, 3763, 3765, 3767, 3769, 3771, 3773, 3775, 3777, 3779, 3781, 3783, 3785, 3787, 3789, 3791, 3793, 3795, 3797, 3799, 3801, 3803, 3805, 3807, 3809, 3811, 3813, 3815, 3817, 3819, 3821, 3823, 3825, 3827, 3829, 3831, 3833, 3835, 3837, 3839, 3841, 3843, 3845, 3847, 3849, 3851, 3853, 3855, 3857, 3859, 3861, 3863, 3865, 3867, 3869, 3871, 3873, 3875, 3877, 3879, 3881, 3883, 3885, 3887, 3889, 3891, 3893, 3895, 3897, 3899, 3901, 3903, 3905, 3907, 3909, 3911, 3913, 3915, 3917, 3919, 3921, 3923, 3925, 3927, 3929, 3931, 3933, 3935, 3937, 3939, 3941, 3943, 3945, 3947, 3949, 3951, 3953, 3955, 3957, 3959, 3961, 3963, 39

— 1970 — Stocks and Div. in \$					— 1970 — Stocks and Div. in \$					— 1970 — Stocks and Div. in \$				
High.	Low.	First.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	First.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	First.	High.	Low.
200	100	100	200	100	200	100	100	200	100	200	100	100	200	100
200	100	100	200	100	200	100	100	200	100	200	100	100	200	100

[illegible]

18 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/4 + 1/2	38 1/2	1
				45 1/2	3
				19 1/2	1
				26 1/4	1

Monday's index base 100										
Dec. 31, 1991		408.8		395.5						
SED	1.26%	1.37%	1.20	1.31	1.25%	Dec	28.70	28.93	28.67	28.87
Dec	1.34%	1.27%	1.25%	1.19%	1.20%	Feb	29.92	29.57	29.40	29.85
Jan	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Mar	3.34	3.28	3.20	3.25
Apr	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Jun	3.34	3.28	3.20	3.25
May	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Jul	3.34	3.28	3.20	3.25
Aug	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Sep	3.34	3.28	3.20	3.25
Oct	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Nov	3.34	3.28	3.20	3.25
Dec	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Jan	3.34	3.28	3.20	3.25
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May	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Jul	3.34	3.28	3.20	
Aug	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Sep	3.34	3.28	3.20	
Oct	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Nov	3.34	3.28	3.20	
Dec	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Jan	3.34	3.28	3.20	
Feb	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Mar	3.34	3.28	3.20	
Apr	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Jun	3.34	3.28	3.20	
May	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Jul	3.34	3.28	3.20	
Aug	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Sep	3.34	3.28	3.20	
Oct	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Nov	3.34	3.28	3.20	
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Oct	1.34%	1.24%	1.20%	1.14%	1.16%	Nov	3.34	3.28	3.20	
Dec</										

21 7/8	22 9/16	21 5/8	22 1/2	21 1/2
68 1/8	60 1/2	59 3/4	60 1/2	79 7/8
6 1/8	6 1/8	6	6 1/8	15 1/2

ADVERTISEMENT					
Dec	36.69	37.25	36.50	37.15	36.80
Jan	35.65	35.95	35.55	35.90	35.90
dec 13st; Jan 1 Sep 1532z Oct 43y Nov 36z					
FROZEN PORK BELLIES					
Danish crows.....	7.50				
Dutch guilders.....	3.80				
Finnish marks.....	4.167				
French francs.....	3.60				

70	71 1/2	70	71 1/2 + 2	30	3 1/2
20 7/8	21 3/8	20 7/8	21 1/4 + 7/8	20 1/4	7
39	39	39	39	12 1/4	
24 1/4	24 1/4	24 1/4	24 1/4		

[illegible]

25 $\frac{1}{2}$	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$ -1	62	1
16	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 $\frac{1}{2}$	39 $\frac{1}{2}$	1
14 $\frac{1}{2}$	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	14 $\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	1

[illegible]

247 $\frac{1}{2}$	247 $\frac{1}{2}$	247 $\frac{1}{2}$	247 $\frac{1}{2}$ —1 $\frac{1}{2}$	247 $\frac{1}{2}$	14
40 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ +1 $\frac{1}{2}$	38 $\frac{1}{2}$	18
18	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$ —3 $\frac{1}{2}$	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	14

[illegible]

5	5	5	5	116	77
26 1/2	27	26 1/2	27 + 1/2	16 1/2	10
30 1/2	31	30 1/2	30 3/4	33 1/4	20

[illegible]

26 7/8	27 1/8	26 3/4	27 1/4	1 1/2	45	28
1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4	3/4	9 1/2	5
30 3/4	31 1/2	30 3/4	31 1/4	1 1/2	71	39

[illegible]

39	29 1/2	19	28	13 1/2	11
14	14 1/2	14	14 1/2	5 1/2	34
9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	22 1/2	19

1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431	2432	2433	2434	2435	2436	2437	2438	2439	2440	2441	2442	2443	2444	2445	2446	2447	2448	2449	2450	2451	2452	2453	2454	2455	2456	2457	2458	2459	2460	2461	2462	2463	2464	2465	2466	2467	2468	2469	2470	2471	2472	2473	2474	2475	2476	2477	2478	2479	2480	2481	2482	2483	2484	2485	2486	2487	2488	2489	2490	2491	2492	2493	2494	2495	2496	2497	2498	2499	2500	2501	2502	2503	2504	2505	2506	2507	2508	2509	2510	2511	2512	2513	2514	2515	2516	2517	2518	2519	2520	2521	2522	2523	2524	2525	2526	2527	2528	2529	2530	2531	2532	2533	2534	2535	2536	2537	2538	2539	2540	2541	2542	2543	2544	2545	2546	2547	2548	2549	2550	2551	2552	2553	2554	2555	2556	2557	2558	2559	2560	2561	2562	2563	2564	2565	2566	2567	2568	2569	2570	2571	2572	2573	2574	2575	2576	2577	2578	2579	2580	2581	2582	2583	2584	2585	2586	2587	2588	2589	2590	2591	2592	2593	2594	2595	2596	2597	2598	2599	2600	2601	2602	2603	2604	2605	2606	2607	2608	2609	2610	2611	2612	2613	2614	2615	2616	2617	2618	2619	2620	2621	2622	2623	2624	2625	2626	2627	2628	2629	2630	2631	2632	2633	2634	2635	2636	2637	2638	2639	2640	2641	2642	2643	2644	2645	2646	2647	2648	2649	2650	2651	2652	2653	2654	2655	2656	2657	2658	2659	2660	2661	2662	2663	2664	2665	2666	2667	2668	2669	2670	2671	2672	2673	2674	2675	2676	2677	2678	2679	2680	2681	2682	2683	2684	2685	2686	2687	2688	2689	2690	2691	2692	2693	2694	2695	2696	2697	2698	2699	2700	2701	2702	2703	2704	2705	2706	2707	2708	2709	2710	2711	2712	2713	2714	2715	2716	2717	2718	2719	2720	2721	2722	2723	2724	2725	2726	2727	2728	2729	2730	2731	2732	2733	2734	2735	2736	2737	2738	2739	2740	2741	2742	2743	2744	2745	2746	2747	2748	2749	2750	2751	2752	2753	2754	2755	2756	2757	2758	2759	2760	2761	2762	2763	2764	2765	2766	2767	2768	2769	2770	2771	2772	2773	2774	2775	2776	2777	2778	2779	2780	2781	2782	2783	2784	2785	2786	2787	2788	2789	2790	2791	2792	2793	2794	2795	2796	2797	2798	2799	2800	2801	2802	2803	2804	2805	2806	2807	2808	2809	2810	2811	2812	2813	2814	2815	2816	2817	2818	2819	2820	2821	2822	2823	2824	2825	2826	2827	2828	2829	2830	2831	2832	2833	2834	2835	2836	2837	2838	2839	2840	2841	2842	2843	2844	2845	2846	2847	2848	2849	2850	2851	2852	2853	2854	2855	2856	2857	2858	2859	2860	2861	2862	2863	2864	2865	2866	2867	2868	2869	2870	2871	2872	2873	2874	2875	2876	2877	2878	2879	2880	2881	2882	2883	2884	2885	2886	2887	2888	2889	2890	2891	2892	2893	2894	2895	2896	2897	2898	2899	2900	2901	2902	2903	2904	2905	2906	2907	2908	2909	2910	2911	2912	2913	2914	2915	2916	2917	2918	2919	2920	2921	2922	2923	2924	2925	2926	2927	2928	2929	2930	2931	2932	2933	2934	2935	2936	2937	2938	2939	2940	2941	2942	2943	2944	2945	2946	2947	2948	2949	2950	2951	2952	2953	2954	2955	2956	2957	2958	2959	2960	2961	2962	2963	2964	2965	2966	2967	2968	2969	2970	2971	2972	2973	2974	2975	2976	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1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	

83%	9	83%	83%	17 1/2	14
147%	15	147%	15 + 1/2	247%	10
223%	24	221%	223%	58 1/2	53

[illegible]

15	15	15	15	17½	9
17½	10½	17½	17½ + ¼	50½	37
8½	8½	8½	8½ + 10	62½	22

Figure 1. The effect of the number of trials on the number of correct responses. The number of correct responses was significantly higher for the 10 trials condition than for the 5 trials condition. Error bars represent the standard error of the mean.

10. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 2000; 284: 2689-2694.



TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

from Jerome D. Hoffman, President, IIG (London) Services Limited

Recently, a company that sells ordinary front-end load fund announced it was offering a convertible debenture issue without sales charges. Their salesmen, however, would receive a reduced commission. True, they're offering debentures, not fund shares; but a no-load investment by any other name is still a no-load investment. Frankly, when we said that "The Great Switch was on", we anticipated that thousands of clients and associates would switch to IIG. They did! However, we were a little surprised to see others switching to the no-load, real estate construction concepts that make us one of the fastest growing financial companies in the world.

Naturally, we feel flattered that others are coming around to our way of thinking. But you can't have it both ways. You either offer a no-load real estate investment or you don't.

When you offer both a no-load and an ordinary load investment you're being unfair to your clients and the men who work for you. And when that's the case, the word gets around fast.

LET'S LOOK AT SOME BASIC FACTS:

IIG has no-load for all its funds. We treat all our clients the same—fairly. It costs them nothing to enter an IIG fund, no matter which IIG investment they choose, REFA, FOSS or IIG Italy S.p.A.

Others don't see it our way. They charge some clients a sales commission and offer a no-load to others. We say that's unfair to those who have paid a sales commission.

IIG has only one commission schedule for all its investments. We don't reward some associates more than others. We treat all our associates the same—fairly.

Others don't see it our way. Some associates are given greater rewards for their efforts, others are penalized for them. We say that's unfair.

IIG allows its clients to switch from one of its International Funds to another with no charge, even though they don't pay a cent to come in in the first place.

Others don't see it our way. Their clients pay a load to enter the first fund. When they're switched over, into a no-load fund, they don't get what they paid in sales commission back. We say that's unfair.

IIG believes a client has the right to redeem his investment on demand. We don't tie up our clients' money.

Others don't see it our way. They prefer to offer investment situations that tie up the clients' money for three, five or ten years. Sure, clients can sell their debentures—if they can find a market for them. But we don't see others guaranteeing that a market will exist. Until they do, the clients' money is tied up.

IIG believes all its clients should make money, regardless of which IIG investment they select.

Others do not. They claim some investments should make clients lots of money, some shouldn't. They say that some investments should make management a lot of money, some even more. We say that's unfair.

IIG believes in being consistently fair to both clients and associates. We've been in this business long enough to know that the client is no fool. The salesman's job is hard enough without the company making it harder for him by being inconsistent.

Before IIG ever sold a program, it had a policy: to offer all its clients equally fine investments in real estate and shipping, with no sales commission. To offer all its associates the same high commission schedule on all its investments.

IIG hasn't changed its policy. We stick by what we said when we started.

Others would like to switch to our investment concepts but offer less to their clients. It just won't work. Remember, with IIG, it costs you nothing to switch—all our investments are no-load.

Jerome D. Hoffman
Jerome D. Hoffman, President

I.I.G. (LONDON) SERVICES LIMITED

The UK Service Company for International Investors Group (Sales) Ltd.

P.O. Box 10, Thorn House, Upper St. Martins Lane, London W.C.2.

Telephone: 01-836 4455. Cables: Usrlstate, London W.C.2. Telex: 267503

New York Stock Exchange Trading

[illegible]

Gramco offers a unique opportunity to invest in the largest single privately financed building project in the history of midtown Manhattan.

For the first time in American planning history, Gramercy—the exclusive district of the world's largest real estate fund—is making available to the international investor the necessary resources, expertise and management capability for him to participate in the profits and growth of a major U.S. real estate development project. The project consists of two giant skyscrapers in New York's most prosperous business district. Together, these two buildings comprise nearly three million square feet of highly rentable office space in midtown Manhattan. Two of America's leading real estate construction and development organizations are the partners. The underwriters, Fishman Realty & Construction Co. Inc., and Arlen Properties.

Those wishing to participate in this historic venture can do so by buying Gramercy Development N.Y. Debentures due on July 31, 1975, bearing an interest

Debtentureholders will also own a 25% interest in the net profits of the real estate developments after deducting all payments to the Builders of the projects. In fact, Gramco has arranged that when the profits of the real estate projects other than those belonging to the Builders, are distributed, the Debtentureholders will have a priority on an amount of money equal to 8% per year on his

This period of economic growth has been the catalyst for the rapid expansion of the country's middle class, and the country's ability to achieve financial stability and economic growth.

It is the government's responsibility to ensure that the benefits of this growth are shared by all citizens, and that the country's economic growth is sustainable and inclusive.

The development and construction of infrastructure is one of the fastest forms of economic growth, and it is essential for the country's economic growth and development.

[illegible]

1. James Earl Ray, American, Criminal (U.S. Prisoner)
 2. Millbank Prison, Millbank London S.W. 1, England.
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Gramco Development N.V. Debentures

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Clemente Was Right

Pirates Shade Reds
In Relief by Giusti

By Murray Chass

NEW YORK, July 29 (AP)—To Clemente, baseball fans has won memorable games his hitting and fielding, but brown, the Pittsburgh general manager, tells of another way in which Clemente is a most valuable player.

"I always liked Dave Giusti," Clemente related recently, discussing the pitcher who brought the right-hander to the Pirates last year. "I liked his competitiveness, his arm. But I wanted to see what someone who had him at the plate thought."

I called Roberto at his home in Rio. He said he always had trouble with Dave and thought he would take him. Clemente's suggestion paid off last night because Giusti pitched a 4-3 victory for the Pirates over Cincinnati in the first game of the National League division series.

Just one of the top relievers in the league, entered the game with the bases filled, none and a 4-2 lead.

Houston Sends
Peppone to Cubs

CHICAGO, July 29 (AP)—

Peppone, who has been under suspension for the last week for failing to make a trip with the club, was released on waivers by the Chicago Cubs today.

Peppone, 29, a former New York Yankee Golden Glove award winner at first base, had been squabbling with the team management. Peppone tabbed some of the team's personal. The latest involved the club's insistence that he have a roommate on road trips. Peppone refused. He was suspended.

Tigers, Braves
Will Play Host
to Star Games

MONTREAL, July 29 (UPI)—

The 1971 major league All-Star baseball game was awarded to Detroit today and Atlanta was selected to play host to the 1972 game. This was the only news from the annual major league summer meetings as the 24 teams concluded two days of sessions.

Major League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Team	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	52	34	.604	0
Seattle	49	37	.569	3
New York	48	38	.558	4
California	47	39	.548	5
Oakland	47	40	.539	6
Cleveland	47	41	.531	7
Washington	45	43	.505	9

Team	W	L	Pct.	GB
Minnesota	52	34	.604	0
California	49	37	.569	3
Oakland	48	38	.558	4
Kansas City	47	39	.548	5
Chicago	47	40	.539	6
St. Louis	47	41	.531	7
Los Angeles	45	43	.505	9

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Charles Dillon Stengel, octogenarian, tells all and then some.

Birthday Anniversary Is Today

Stengel Nods at 80, Keeps Right On Talking

By Bob Myers

CHICAGO, July 29 (AP)—Casey Stengel's 80th birthday anniversary is tomorrow.

After a four-hour visit with this delightful man of baseball, it still remains unclear whether he is overwhelmed at his durability or even concerned with his longevity.

As a matter of fact, many things remain unclear, which is par for the course in any discourse with Charles Dillon Stengel.

Stengel, immaculate in dark business suit, white shirt, black tie, was waiting for his visitors at home. The two-story, white stucco house has been a familiar structure since it was built by Mrs. Stengel's father, a former mayor of Glendale. The spacious swimming pool in back was the first built in the city.

The interior is handsomely furnished. It would never be termed lavish, and the scene of most of the action is the huge den, where "counties" Stengel memorabilia are on display and the pool house, also replete with Casey keepsakes.

The Stengels were about to go back for Monday's Hall of Fame induction ceremony at Cooperstown, N.Y., when Stengel was asked what one would do that the other couldn't do, and think of May and all the years I watched him.

Best He Ever Saw

"Mantle," Stengel noted at the conclusion of this particular segment of reflection, "was the best distance hitter I ever saw right or left."

Stengel will be on hand at Yankee Stadium for the 24th annual Oldtimers Day Aug. 8. "I'm very proud to be going back to see the Yankees. Back to see all those guys that were so good and helped me win those pennants and world championships."

He gave a countdown of his Yankees of 1949-60, who won 10 American League pennants and seven World Series, and added without further identification: "That outfielder, he lives over in Alhambra now."

A question was sneaked in. "Would he do anything differently if he had it all to do over again?"

"Well," replied Stengel at a moment's thought, "you'd take different jobs. You'd wonder now why I'd go over and manage again. You'd say what are the people of Brooklyn for me. I was hired, discharged from there, played with them in '16 winning, with the Giants '21-'22-'23, winning."

Ask a simple question and that's what you get. Nothing more and nothing less.

Stiff Skirts

Speaking of changes, Casey Stengel in great humor recalled the old days.

"We only had one uniform, one for the road, one for home. Some players wouldn't change undershirts for a week because they thought it was good luck. Those shirts would be like a board, stiff from perspiration and dirt."

"I remember going out one day to old Yankee Stadium and there was Irish Meusel. I said, 'Jeez, how can he throw the ball until he sweats.' Looked like he had a cast on his arm."

Swerving to a trip to the Orient by 16 players in 1923, Stengel said the then commissioner of baseball, Kenesaw Mountain Landis, sternly cautioned against any conduct detrimental to the dignity of baseball.

Hooked by Fans

Stengel's souvenirs are too numerous to catalogue. Mrs. Stengel proudly pointed to a hooked rug with "Mets" woven into the center. It came from four youngsters in New York, "obviously Mets fans," she said.

And there are the two rings the Mets' owner, Joan Whitney Payson, presented to the Stengels after the 1969 World Series triumph.

Casey's ring, actually too heavy to wear in comfort, is inscribed on one side of the huge diamond, "VP Stengel VP."

"That," said Stengel, as if one didn't know, "means I am a vice-president of the amazing Mets."

The amazing Casey is going strong, 80, or whatever.

Brasili Cup Team

Let Off Tax Free

BRASILIA, July 29 (UPI)—Brazilian President Emilio Garrastizui Medici has told the Brazilian world soccer team, which won the World Cup in Mexico last month, that their earnings in sports activities will not be subject to income tax.

Medici received Brazilian players Pele, Carlos Alberto and Torres in the presidential palace.

In Move to Break Holdout

NFL Owners to Open Camps Today

CHICAGO, July 29 (AP)—National Football League owners will open their training camps tomorrow to "any players wishing to report," a move obviously aimed at cracking the holdout of veteran players in a bitter contract dispute.

A joint statement issued today by owners George Halas, president of the National Football Conference, and Lamar Hunt, president of the American Football Conference, said:

"The training camps of all member clubs of the National Football League are being opened at 6 p.m., local time, Thursday, to any players wishing to report and contribute to their squads' 1970 development."

"We are making this announcement on behalf of the 26 clubs who believe it necessary that supervised conditioning and properly trained squads must be developed now so the entire 1970 season can be played as scheduled."

"On July 25, the National Football League Players Association publicly stated it had not called a strike. Accordingly, we expect the association to advise its members to live up to their individual playing contracts."

Issue Is Economic

"The issue here, as the association has been told, is economic. Today's action is not a power move to break the association but an essential step to properly prepare for and carry out the 1970 season."

"Also, the loss on any portion of the clubs' preseason revenues must be necessarily reflected in the offer made by the owners' negotiating committee."

"There is a continuing role for the association in professional football, but the economic stability of the 26 teams must be preserved."

Talks Are Resumed

The not-entirely-unexpected announcement by owners Halas of the Chicago Bears and Hunt of the Kansas City Chiefs followed a break of contract talks last night after a five-day session in Philadelphia.

At the same time, the player group announced that a meeting of the 26 player representatives will be held here tonight to discuss "a course of action for days ahead."

After Theodore Kheel, labor consultant to the owners' negotiating committee, disclosed the resumption of negotiations, it was rumored that the owners would lift the training camp ban imposed on veteran players until the contract dispute is settled.

Today's owner action tests the strength of the Players Association, which has directed veterans to stay away from camps until the dispute over pension benefits is resolved.

Pension Snag

The association, claiming an owner lockout rather than a strike by their group, wants the owners to increase their four-year, \$18-million pension contribution offer. The association has asked for \$26 million.

After last night's negotiating breakdown, the player group charged the owners with bargaining in bad faith. A statement by Ken Linquist, labor consultant for the association, claimed a settlement had been close.

"When the owners are ready to negotiate in good faith," the statement said, "an agreement will be concluded. It is, once again, apparent that the owners... are putting the 1970 professional football season in jeopardy by this action."

The Players Association negotiating committee is headed by John Mackay of the Baltimore Colts.

Colts, Ernie Wright of the Cincinnati Bengals and Ken Bowman of the Green Bay Packers.

The force play by the owners in opening the camps to veterans brought pro football's labor war to Chicago almost on the eve of the 37th All-Star football game at Soldier Field Friday night.

The pro champion Kansas City Chiefs' last workout for the game at their Liberty, Mo., camp was held in secret today, with concern being expressed over the possibility that became a reality—lifting of the training camp ban.

My Own Decision

Johnny Robinson, veteran safety, said he would have to make his own decision when it comes down to the week before our first game, when it's time for that first game check.

That will come soon enough, with the first pro exhibition game scheduled Aug. 7 in Los Angeles, and nine more the following day.

Rookies have been permitted to train in all NFL camps, while veterans of most clubs have been conducting their own conditioning programs.

Stars Sharpen Aerial Attack; Quarterback Lauds Receivers

CHICAGO, July 29 (UPI)—Lack of contact hasn't hampered the development of a passing attack by the 1970 Chicago All Stars, former Purdue quarterback Mike Phipps declared today.

Phipps is expected to share the quarterback job with Dennis Shaw of San Diego State when the Stars meet the Kansas City Chiefs in Soldier Field here Friday night in the annual match between the best of the graduation college seniors and the pro football champions.

"We've got excellent receivers," Phipps said. "They run the patterns well and all of them can catch the ball. We've had enough practice to perfect our timing, and I think we should be able to throw."

Of course, Kansas City has a big strong defensive unit and they'll be hard to throw against, and hard to run against, too. But our offensive line has looked good, and if we get any kind of protection, I think we can throw the ball."

The suggestion was made that Graham, a former all-pro quarterback at Cleveland, might make a comeback, and he said, "No chance. That would be worse than having nobody."

The Stars will wind up their practice tomorrow with a light workout under the lights in Soldier Field, giving Phipps and Shaw a few final drills to work out patterns and timing with receivers.

Laver, Rosewall Join Sportsman's Empire

Hunt Buys Contracts of 6 Top Net Pros

By Neil Amdur

NEW YORK, July 29 (UPI)—Lamar Hunt, who helped engineer the merger in pro football, expanded his sports empire yesterday by acquiring the tennis contracts of six top professionals: Rod Laver, Ken Rosewall, Roy Emerson, Fred Stolle, Andres Gimeno and Pancho Gonzales.

The acquisitions were part of an "organizational streamlining" between World Championship Tennis, Hunt's 18-player pro tennis troupe, and the National Tennis League and Tennis Champions, Inc., which held contractual commitments with six players valued at around \$250,000 per year.

Talks between the groups had been under way for some time.

Unwieldy Arrangement

"It's been very unwieldy for the two groups—coordinating schedules, trading players for tournaments, expenses and overhead," Mike Davies, executive director of

World Championship Tennis, said by phone from Dallas, the organization's headquarters. "World Championship Tennis plans to be around for a long time and we want to have the best players."

Specific details of the acquisitions were not disclosed. Presumably, Tennis Champions, Inc., will continue to promote individual tournaments as well as the \$200,000 Tennis Champions classic.

The acquisition of Laver, the sport's highest-paid player at \$90,000 a year, is expected to strengthen the pros' position for a continued voice in the international administration and management of tennis.

The United States Professional Championships, a \$60,000 event with a top prize of \$12,000, will begin Monday at the Longwood Cricket Club in Brookline, Mass.

Davies said World Championship Tennis players would participate in the \$160,000 U.S. Open championships Sept. 1-13 at Forest Hills.

The only international area in which contract professionals remain excluded is the Davis Cup.

World Championship Tennis was founded in October, 1967, with eight players, including two former Australian Davis Cuppers, John Newcombe and Tony Roche. The organization lost \$125,000 in a chaotic first few months of operation, but under last year, according to Hunt, two years ahead of the group's financial timetable.

The organization has survived numerous administrative squabbles, including a brief war with its professional rivals and stubborn resistance from national associations, which led to a series of player raids.

Smith Rallies
To Beat Czech
In U.S. Tennis

INDIANAPOLIS, July 29 (Reuters)—U.S. Davis Cup star Stan Smith had to battle hard in the opening round of the National Clay Courts tennis championship here to beat unranked Milan Holcovec of Czechoslovakia, 6-4, 3-6, 6-4.

Smith, second-seeded in the \$50,000 championships, trailed by 2-1 in the deciding third set before clinching the match yesterday.

Top-seeded American Cliff Richter, Czechoslovakia's Jan Kodess, defending champion Jirko Prandulovic of Yugoslavia and most of the other favorites advanced with relative ease.

PARIS AMUSEMENTS

for the first time in Paris
A "SON ET LUMIERE" SPECTACLE
IN ENGLISH
AT THE INVALIDES
SHADES
OF GLORY
LOUIS XIV - NAPOLEON
THE BIRTH OF THE MARSEILLAISE
A fascinating pageant of the past...
with the music of sound and light
Twice nightly: at 9 P.M. and 11 P.M.
ADMISSION 6 F
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Entrance and Car park
Esplanade des Invalides
Metro: INVALIDES

THE NIGHT CLUB OF THE
CHAMPS-ELYSEES
Passycoat
The most exciting Parisian Girls
Floor show - Dance
Every night from 10 p.m. till dawn
22 Rue de Valenciennes, PARIS, 9th
RECOMMENDED BY
Frank Sinatra & Mike Ellington

U.K. Horseman Wins
WIMBORLEY, England, July 29 (UPI)—World champion David Broome of Britain won the Imperial Cup today, riding Manhattan, on the third day of the Royal International Horse Show at the Empire Pool.

